Report Title

POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

Project

GLAN MYDDYFI, PENTREFELIN

Report Reference

CC2013-CAM-ZZ-XX-RP-C-00-0002

Client

JCR PLANNING

Date

OCTOBER 2019

REPORT CONTROL SHEET

Client: JCR Planning

Project: Glan Myddyfi, Pentrefelin

Job Number: CC2013

Report Title: Pollution Prevention Plan

Report Reference: CC2013-CAM-ZZ-XX-RP-C-00-0002

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P01	03/10/19	First Issue	B Whyman	B Whyman



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1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Cambria Consulting Ltd have been commissioned by JCR Planning Consultants on behalf of their client to produce a Pollution Prevention Plan for a Poultry farm in Carmarthenshire. The proposed poultry farm, located at Glan Myddyfi, is to house 16,000 chickens for free range egg production in Pentre-felin, Carmarthenshire.
- 1.2 This report has been produced to support the planning application, reference no. E/37351 and to address NRW consultation comments. The report should be read in conjunction with the drainage strategy report.
- 1.3 The objectives of this report are to outline pollution prevention measures specifically in relation to surface water and groundwater pollution to ensure the risk of pollution is maintained at acceptable levels.



2 SITE SETTING & POTENTIAL RECEPTORS

- 2.1 The development site is made up of two separate sites as shown in the Figure 2.1 below.
- 2.2 The northern site is 1.28ha and is a greenfield site bounded by other greenfield sites and a watercourse on the Western boundary. The existing use of the northern site is as a cattle ground.
- 2.3 The southern site is 0.24 ha greenfield site and is significantly smaller.
- 2.4 The northern site is centred around OS coordinates E: 259849, N: 224055 and the southern site is centred around OS coordinates E: 259895, N: 223906.



Figure 2.1 - Location Plan



- 2.5 The site for the Poultry Farm is located in close proximity to the Afon Myddyfi. The river runs parallel to the road running along the southern corner of the site. The top of bank is approximately 10m from the existing gated entrance into the site. The proposed poultry farm building is approximately 41m away from the top of bank of the river at its closest point.
- 2.6 There is a significant buffer between the site and northern boundary, typically 45m between top of bank and the north western boundary.
- 2.7 The Afon Myddyfi runs in a southerly direction away from the site and joins the Afon Tywi approximately 2km south of the site near Cilsan, shown in Figure 2.2 below. The Afon Tywi is designated a Special Area of Conservation (SAC) and therefore is a sensitive receptor that needs to be considered within the pollution prevention plan.

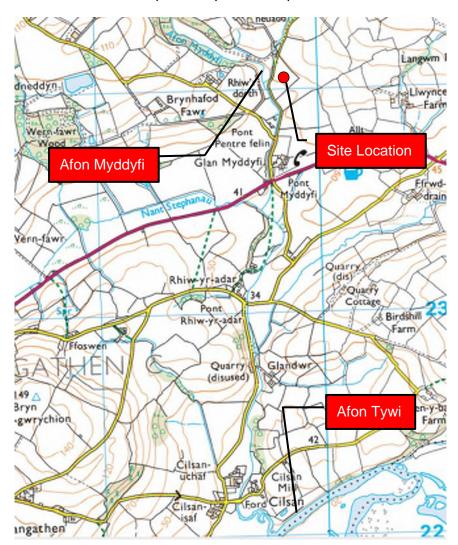
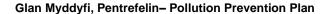


Figure 2.2 - Proximity to Watercourses





- 2.8 An Envirocheck Report is included within **Appendix A**. This shows the site is not within a groundwater source protection zone. The site is underlain by a Secondary B bedrock aquifer and Secondary Undifferentiated superficial aquifer and the groundwater vulnerability is classified as medium vulnerability. The local groundwater table will need to considered within the pollution prevention plan although there are no water abstractions near to the site.
- 2.9 The Historical mapping shows there has been no previous development on or near to the site.



3 POTENTIAL POLLUTANTS

3.1 Potential pollutants can arise during the construction phase and operation of the facility. Both of these phases are considered in further detail below;

Construction Phase

- 3.2 During the construction of the Poultry Farm facility, the main potential pollution sources are considered as follows;
 - Fuel & Chemical Spills
 - Silt & Dust
 - Construction Traffic
 - Flooding Incidents
 - Washdown Activities

Operational Phase

- 3.3 During the operational phase of the Poultry Farm facility, the main potential pollution sources are considered as follows;
 - Fuel & Chemical Spills
 - Silt
 - Flooding Incidents
 - Washdown Activities
 - Foul Drainage
 - Livestock Range Area



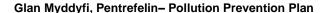
4 POLLUTION PREVENTION

Construction Phase

- 4.1 A wheel wash facility will be installed to prevent pollutants being transported out of the site and onto the access road which runs close to the Afon Myddyfi. The drainage from the wheel wash facility will be collected in a sealed dirty water tank and transported off site.
- 4.2 To avoid the risk of flooding on site and the potential for this to transport pollutants the SuDs system serving the site will be setup early in the construction programme to deal with surface water run-off during the works.
- 4.3 Suitable silt controls and dust suppression methods will be employed during the works. Desilting basins/lagoons or silt fences/bales will be used to remove suspended solids prior to entering the SUDs system.
- 4.4 The site entrance will be cleaned and swept during the construction phase.
- 4.5 If refuelling of plant takes place on site, the following steps will be taken;
 - Refuel mobile plant in a designated hardstanding area away from any drainage infrastructure or watercourses
 - Supervise all refuelling activities and bulk deliveries with trained operatives
 - Keep spill kits in close proximity to any refuelling activities
 - Provide incident response training to the staff and contractors
 - Position drip trays under pumps to catch minor spills
 - Use bunded bowsers
- 4.6 The water quality of the surface water runoff should be monitored on a regular basis.
- 4.7 All pollution control measures shall be checked at the start of every working day to ensure they are fully operational.

Operation Phase

- 4.8 In accordance with best practice the proposed roof and externals surface water drainage will be segregated, as shown in the drainage strategy drawing CC2013-CAM-ZZ-00-GA-C-90-1101, included in **Appendix B**.
- 4.9 The roof drainage will be piped to a cellular infiltration tank sited beneath the southern yard area. The external hardstanding areas will be drained via channel drains into an infiltration trench. Downstream of the channel drains, manhole chambers will be installed with penstock controls which can be closed in the event of any pollution incidents.
- 4.10 The Surface Water drainage infrastructure is designed to accommodate the 1 in 100 yr +30% storm event, therefore reducing the risk of pluvial flooding on site.





- 4.11 The washdown area to the north of the building will drain to a sealed dirty water tank and the wastewater will be removed off site and disposed offsite by a licensed operator once the tank is near capacity.
- 4.12 A septic tank will be installed to service the 1no. WC including with the building proposals. Again this waste will be removed and disposed offsite by a licensed operator.
- 4.13 No fuels or chemicals will be stored on the site.
- 4.14 As a precautionary measure, a 1m deep surface water interception ditch will be installed at the perimeter of the range area.
- 4.15 A pollution risk assessment has been produced to assess the levels of pollution risk and residual risk as a result of the employment of these pollution control measures in the construction and operational phases of the site. The pollution risk assessment is included in **Appendix C**.



5 CONCLUSIONS

- 5.1 The proposed development is situated near to the Afon Myddyfi, which connects to the Afon Tywi approximately 2km south of the site. The Afon Tywi is classified as a SAC and therefore deemed a sensitive receptor.
- 5.2 The Envirocheck report shows the site is not in a groundwater source protection zone. The groundwater underlaying the site is classed as medium vulnerability.
- 5.3 Pollution prevention measures will be employed during the construction stage and operation of the development. A pollution risk assessment has been undertaken; this shows there are minimal residual risks as a result of the development.
- 5.4 The drainage strategy ensures that the roof and external hardstanding run-off is segregated. All surface water systems are designed to work via infiltration and sized for the 1 in 100 year +30% storm event.
- 5.5 Foul drainage generated from the single WC on site will be served by a Septic tank and waste will be taken offsite.
- 5.6 Run-off from Washdown operations will be segregated and enter a sealed dirty water tank which will be emptied and taken off site.
- 5.7 As a precautionary measure a 1m wide surface water interception ditch will be installed at the perimeter of the range area.



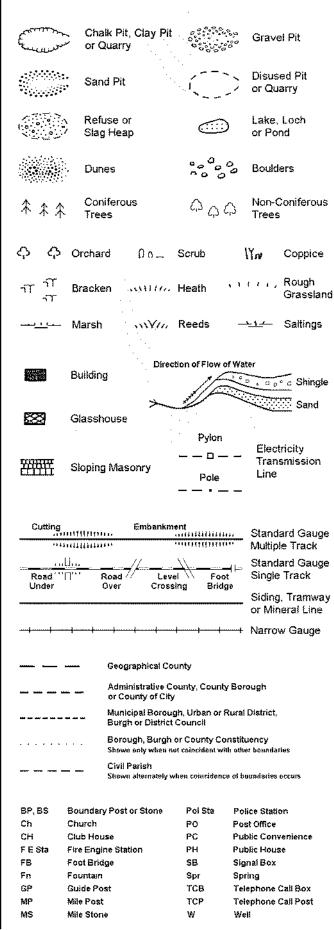
APPENDIX A – Envirocheck Report

Historical Mapping Legends

Ordnance Survey County Series 1:10,560 Gravel Other Orchard Mixed Wood Deciduous Brushwood Furze Rough Pasture Arrow denotes Trigonometrical flow of water Station Site of Antiquities Bench Mark Well, Spring, **Boundary Post** Signal Post Surface Level Sketched Instrumental Contour Contour Fenced Main Roads Minor Roads Un-Fenced Sunken Road Raised Road Railway over Road over River Railway Railway over Level Crossing Road Road over Road over Road over متعواضيته County Boundary (Geographical) County & Civil Parish Boundary Administrative County & Civil Parish Boundary County Borough Boundary (England) Co. Boro. Bdy. County Burgh Boundary (Scotland) Co. Burgh Bdy Rural District Boundary RD. Bdy.

Civil Parish Boundary

Ordnance Survey Plan 1:10,000



1:10,000 Raster Mapping

ARTTO.			
	Gravel Pit		Refuse tip or slag heap
	Rock		Rock (scattered)
	Boulders		Boulders (scattered)
	Shingle	Mud	Mud
Sand	Sand		Sand Pit
********	Slopes		Top of cliff
	General detail		Underground detail
	- O∨erhead detail		Narrow gauge railwav
	Multi-track railway		Single track railway
	County boundary (England only)	• • • • • •	Civil, parish or community boundary
	District, Unitary, Metropolitan, London Borough boundary		Constituency boundary
۵ ^۵	Area of wooded vegetation	۵ ^۵	Non-coniferous trees
<u>۵</u>	Non-coniferous trees (scattered)	**	Coniferous trees
*	Coniferous	₽	Positioned
_	trees (scattered)	212	tree
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ф ф ф ф мТи мТи	Orchard Rough Grassland Scrub	4 4 anne	Coppice or Osiers Heath Marsh, Salt Marsh or Reeds
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\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Orchard Rough Grassland Scrub Water feature Mean high water (springs) Telephone line (where shown) Bench mark	MLW(S)	Coppice or Osiers Heath Marsh, Salt Marsh or Reeds Flow arrows Mean low water (springs) Electricity transmission line (with poles) Triangulation
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Orchard Rough Grassland Scrub Water feature Mean high water (springs) Telephone line (where shown) Bench mark (where shown) Point feature (e.g. Guide Post	₩ ₩	Coppice or Osiers Heath Marsh, Salt Marsh or Reeds Flow arrows Mean low water (springs) Electricity transmission line (with poles) Triangulation station Pylon, flare stack

Building

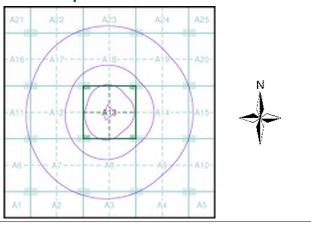
Envirocheck[®]

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP*

Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
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Carmarthenshire	1:10,560	1907	3
Carmarthenshire	1:10,560	1938 - 1953	4
Carmarthenshire	1:10,560	1953	5
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1964	6
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1975 - 1977	7
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1983 - 1987	8
10K Raster Mapping	1:10,000	2000	9
Street View	Variable		10

Historical Map - Slice A



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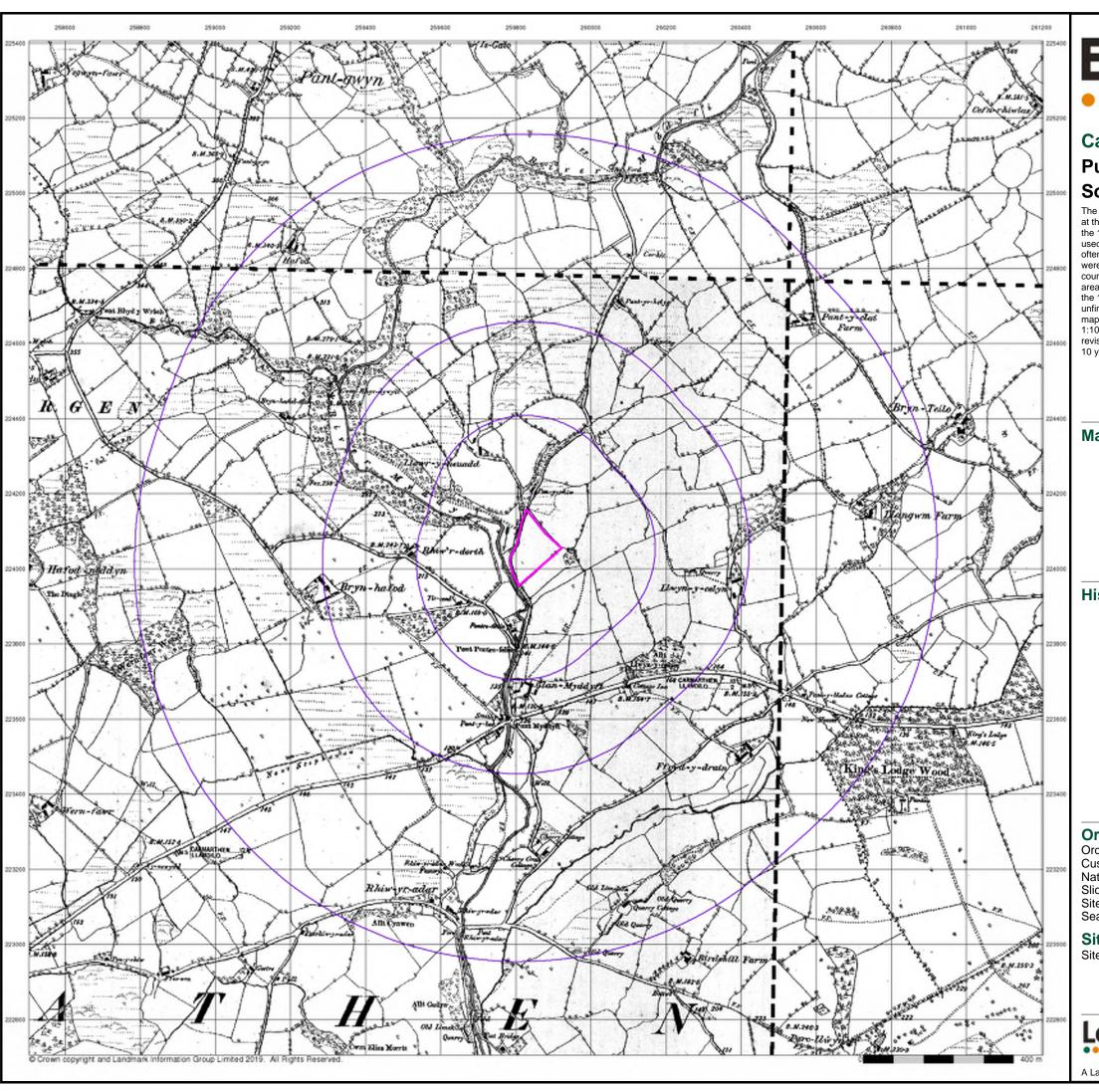
Site Details

Site at 259850, 224060



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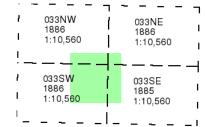
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Carmarthenshire

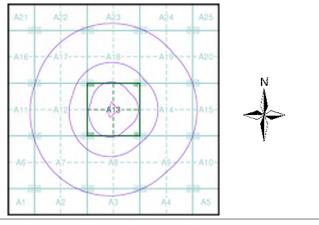
Published 1885 - 1886 Source map scale - 1:10,560

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)



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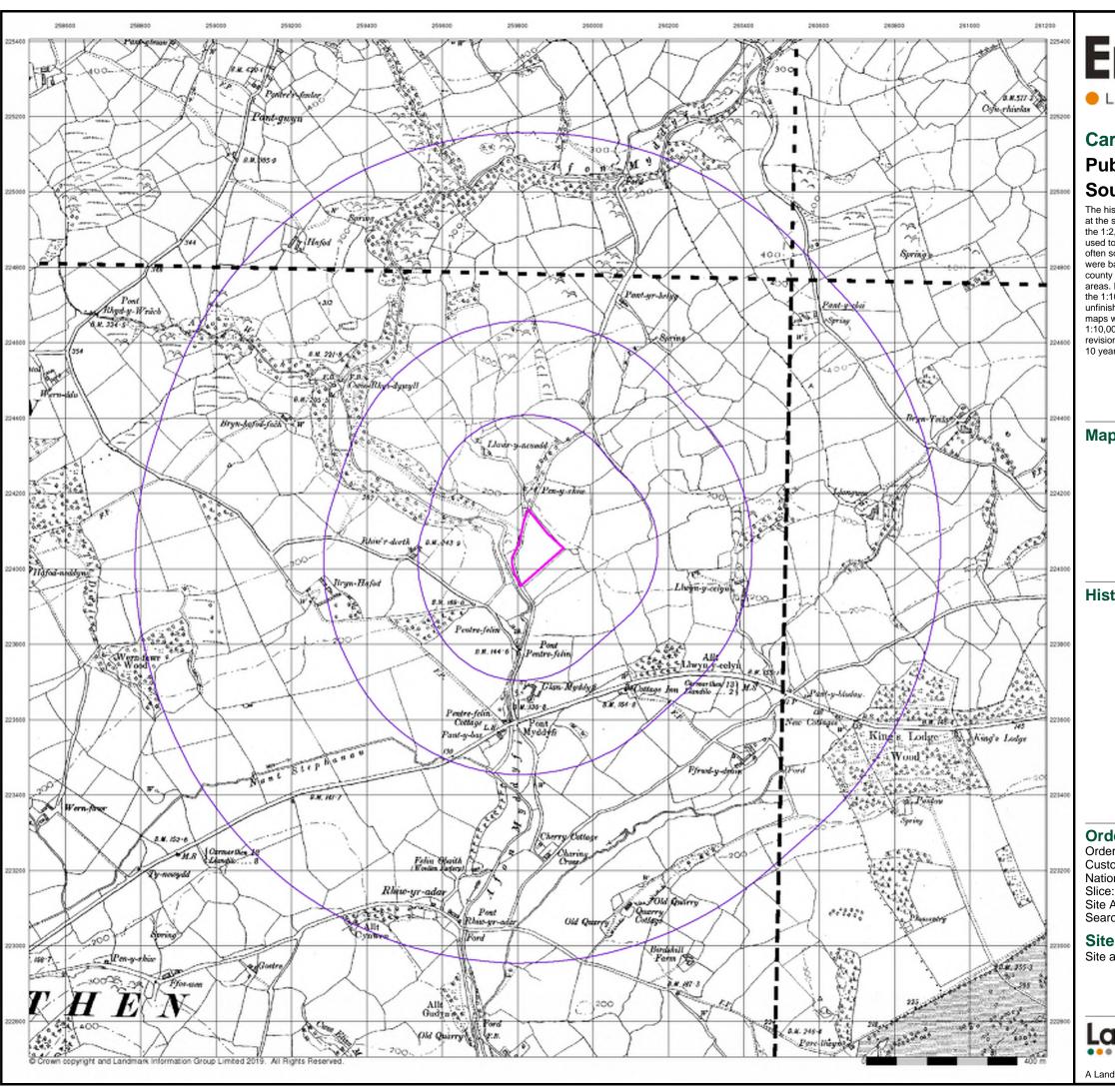
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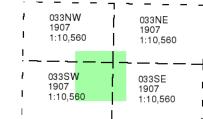
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Carmarthenshire

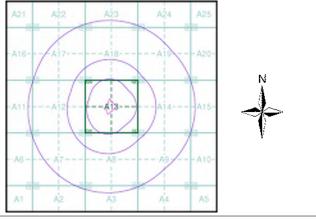
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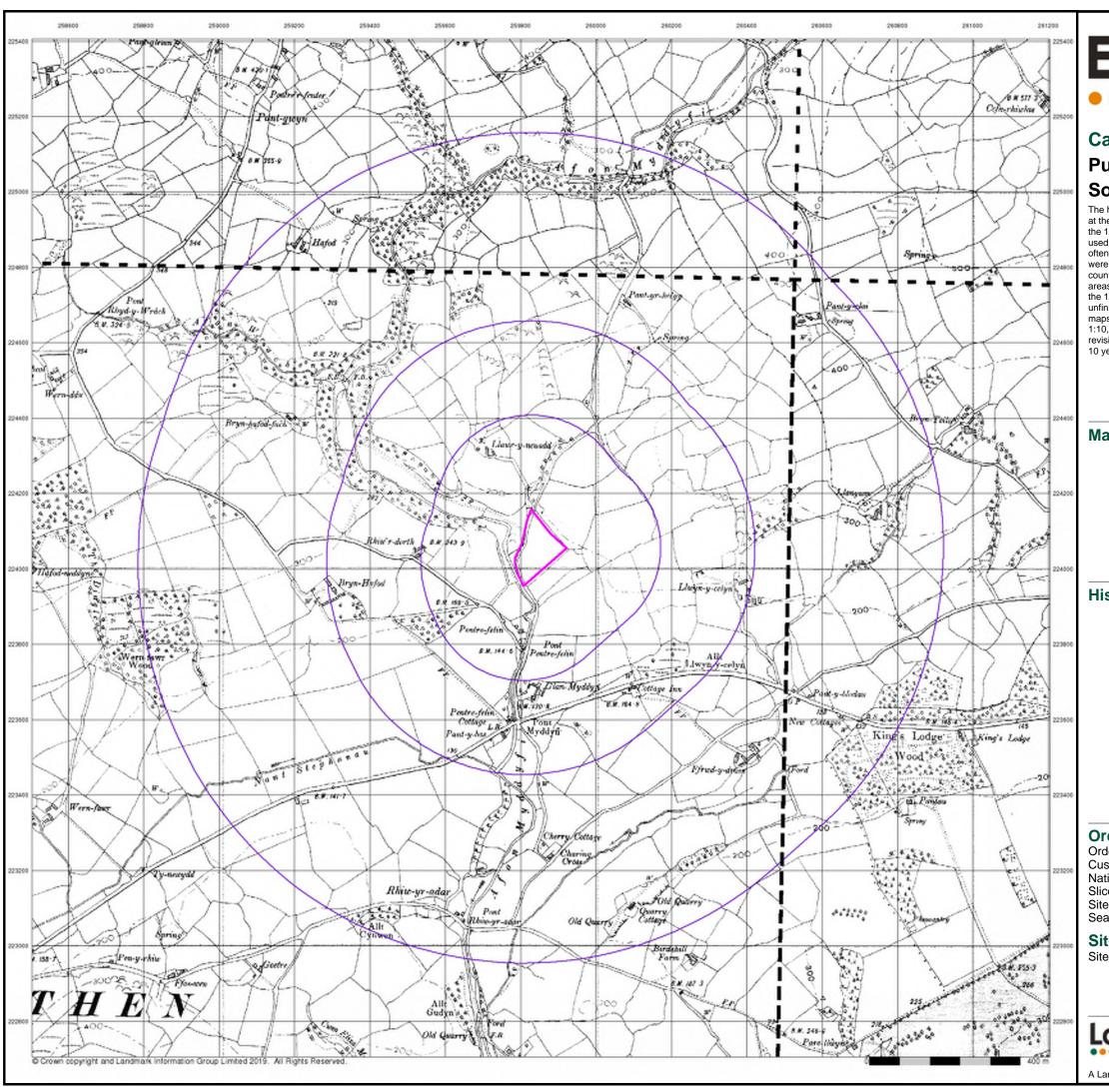
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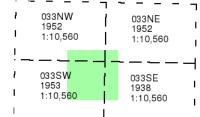
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Carmarthenshire

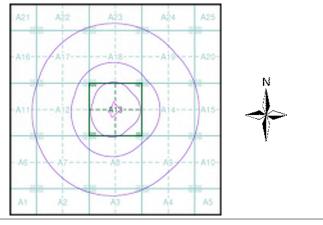
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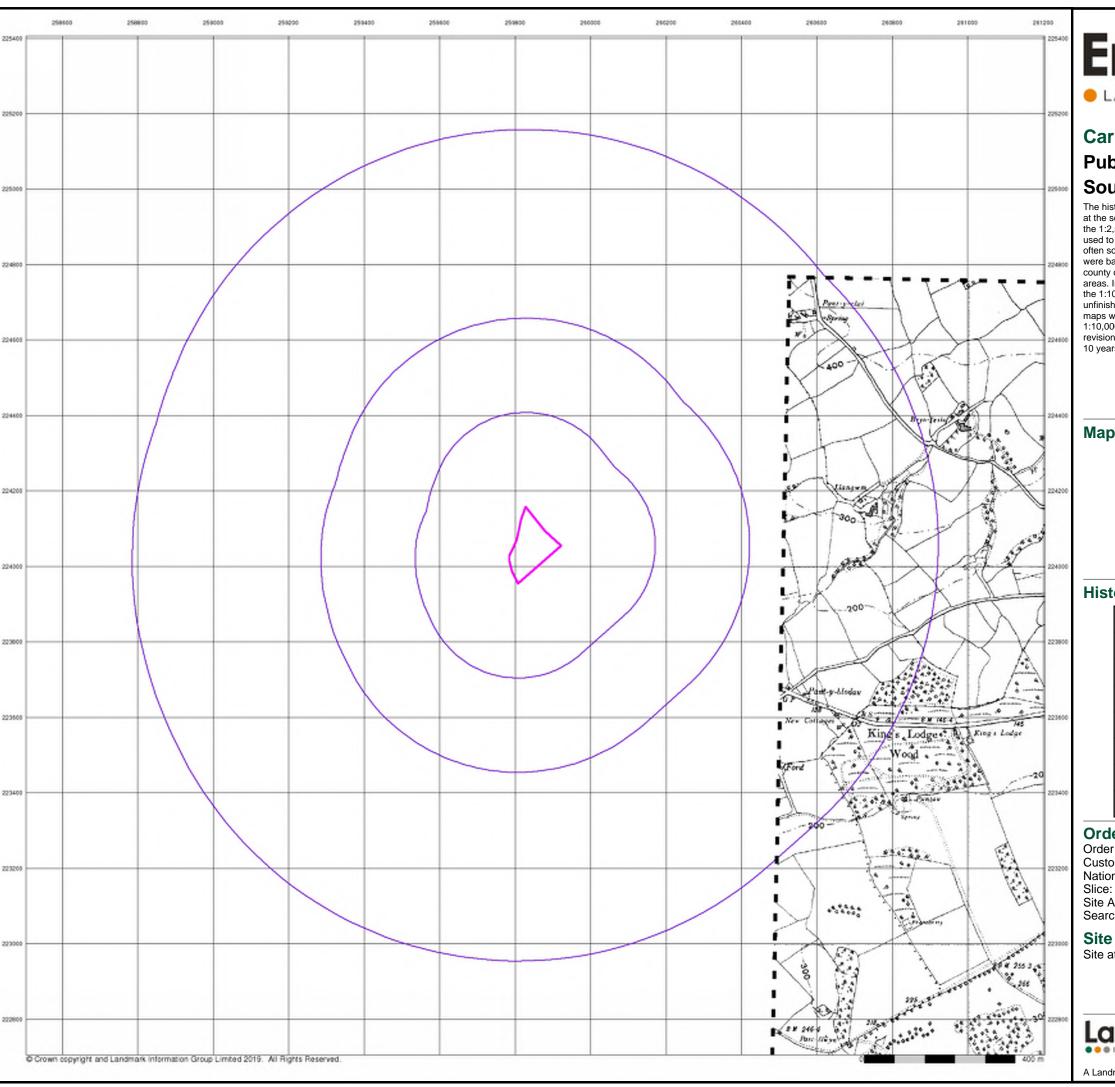
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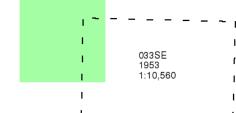
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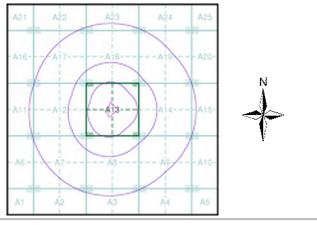
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Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

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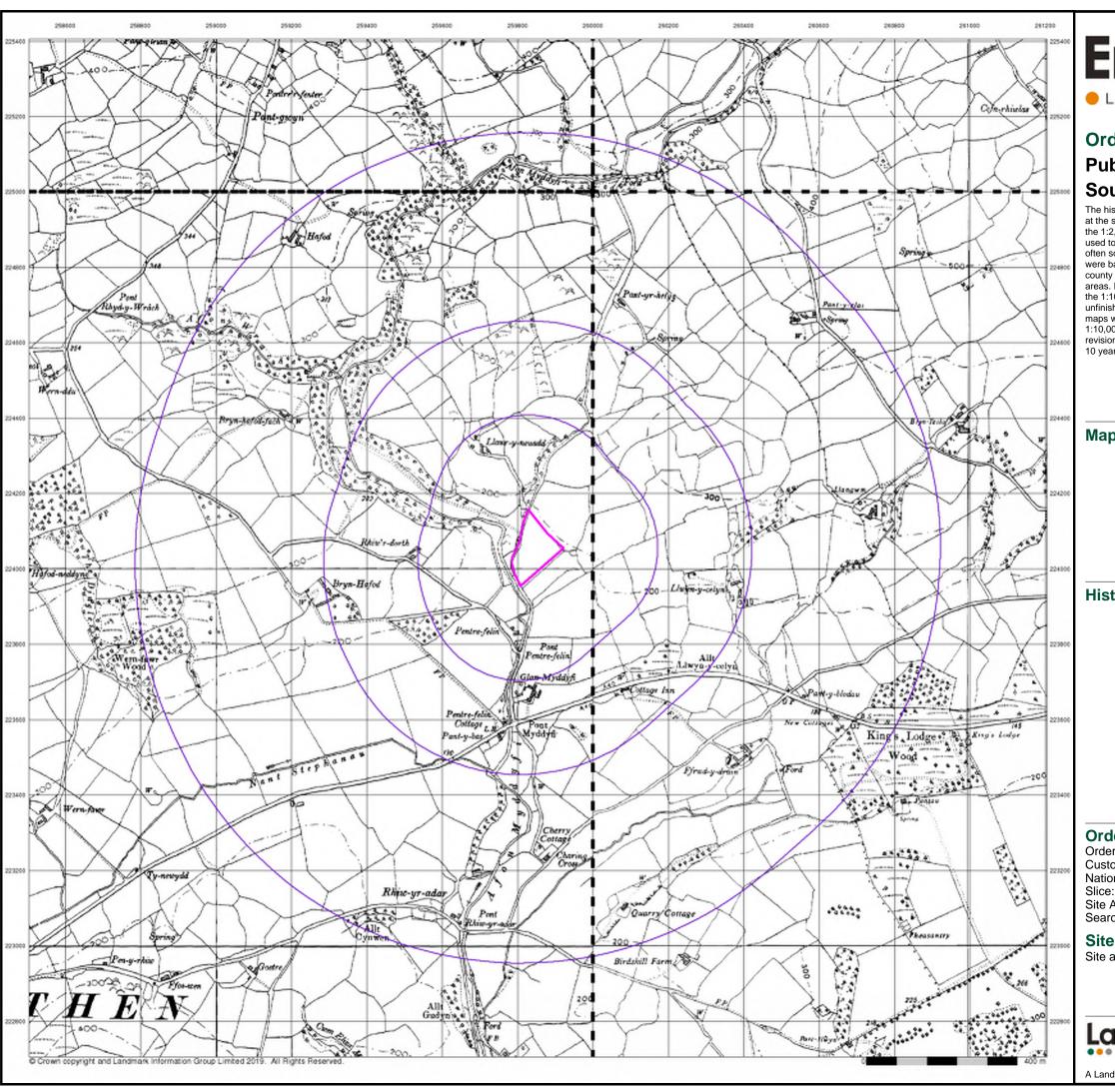
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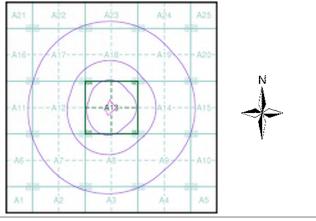
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Historical Map - Slice A



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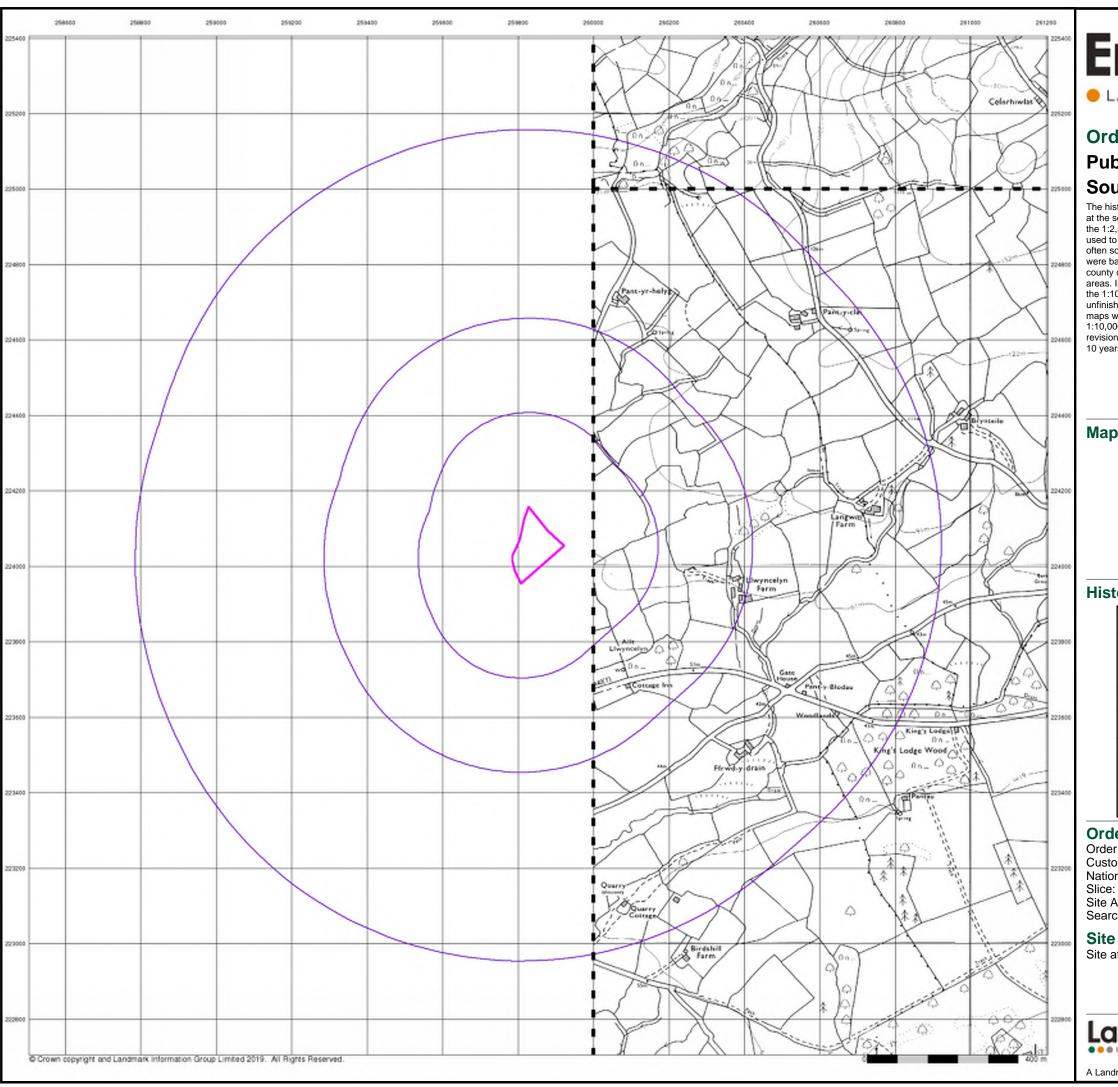
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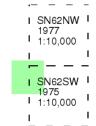
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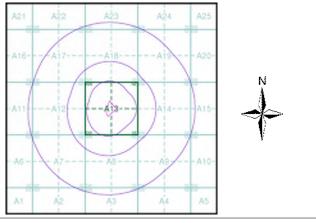
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Historical Map - Slice A



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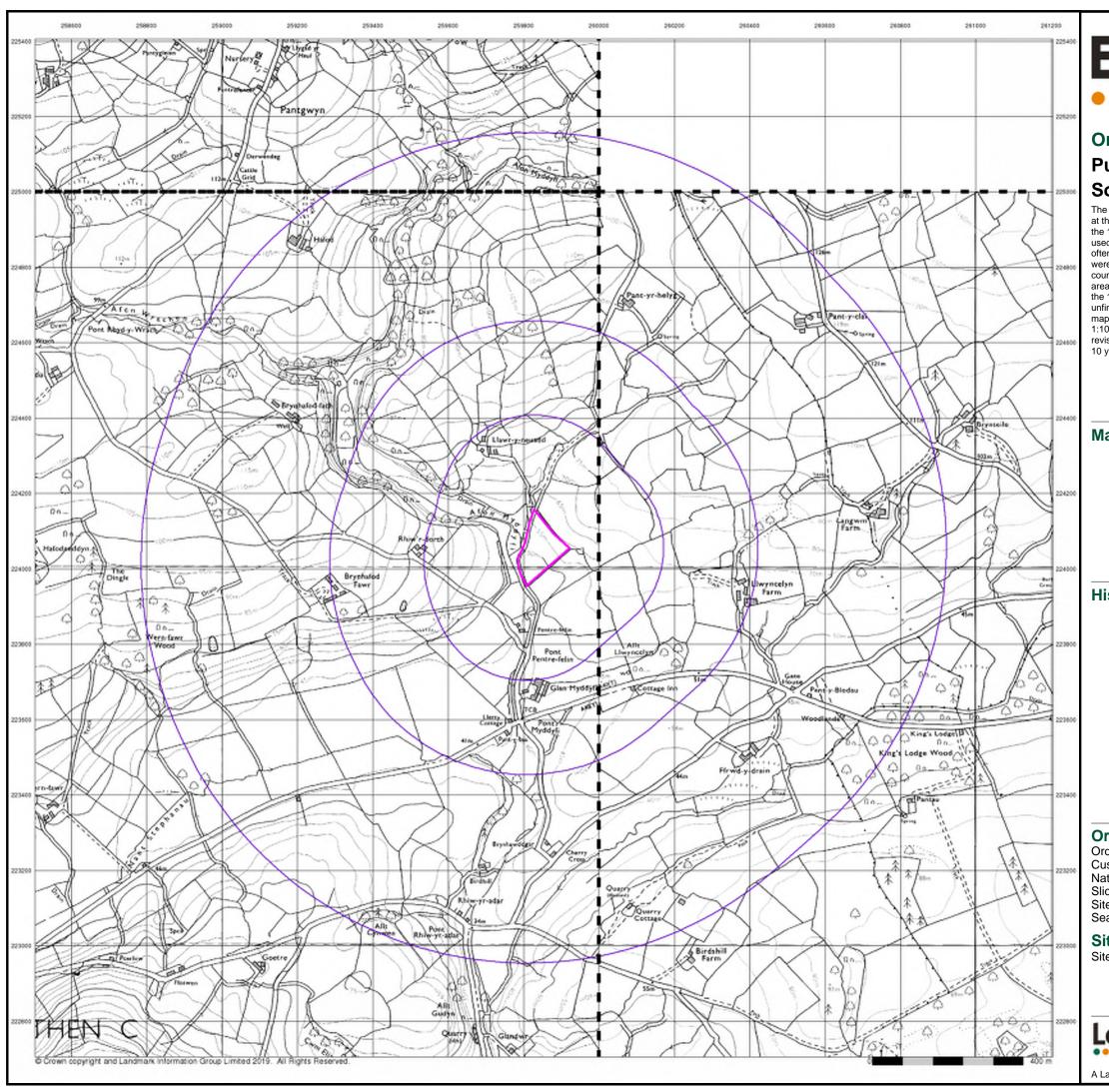
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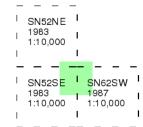


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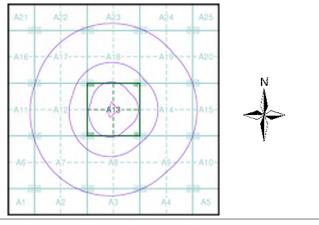
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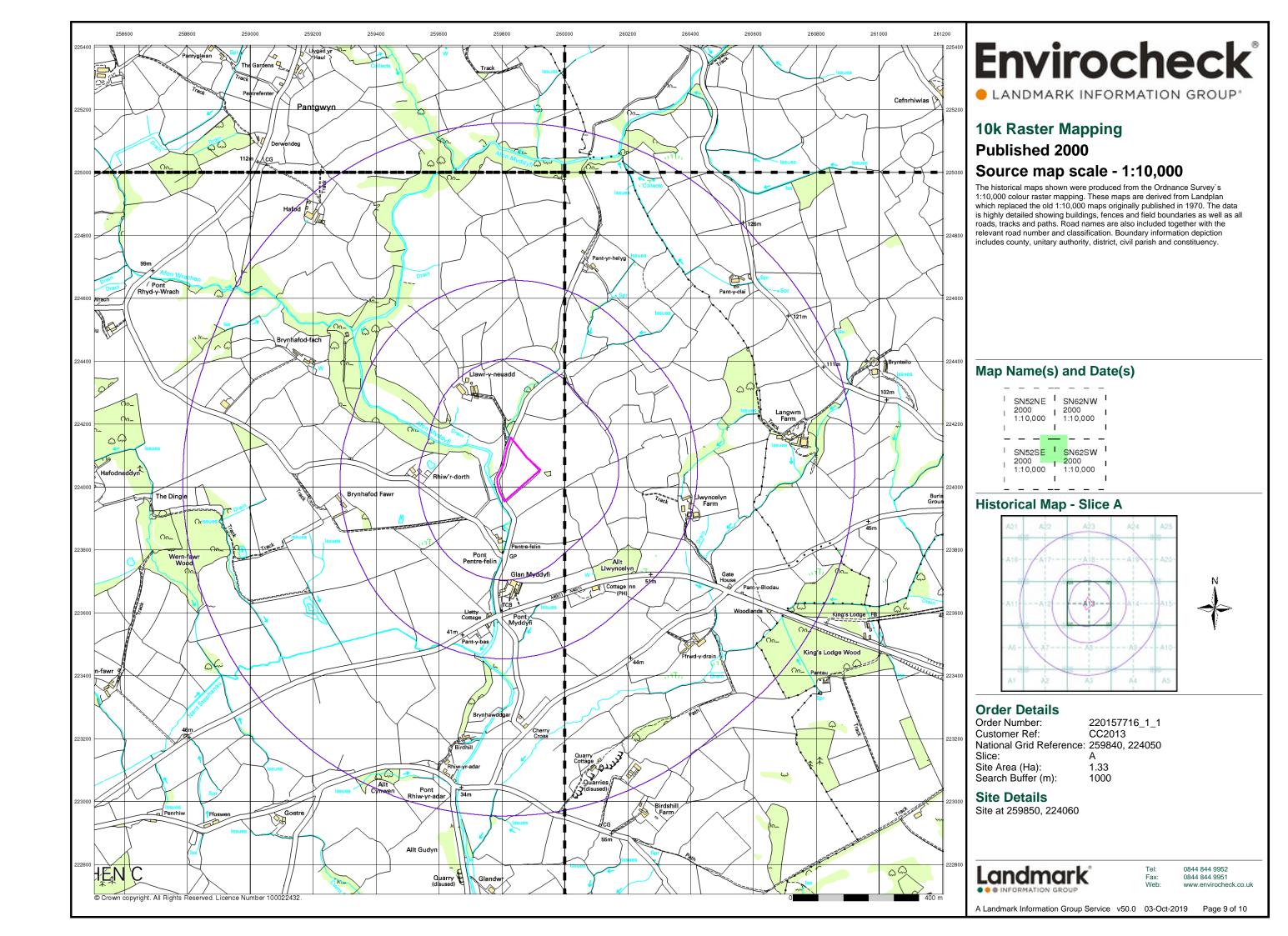
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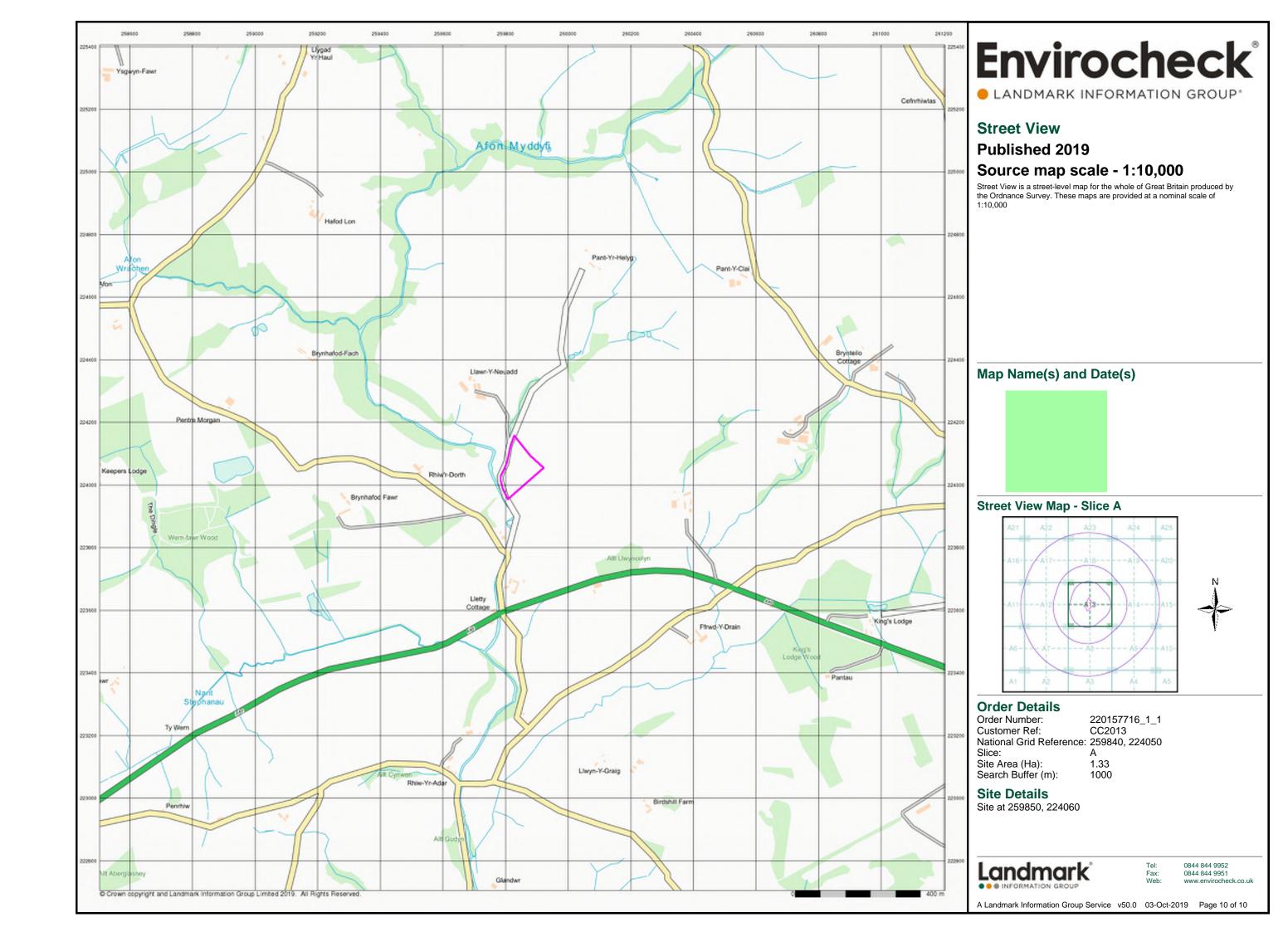
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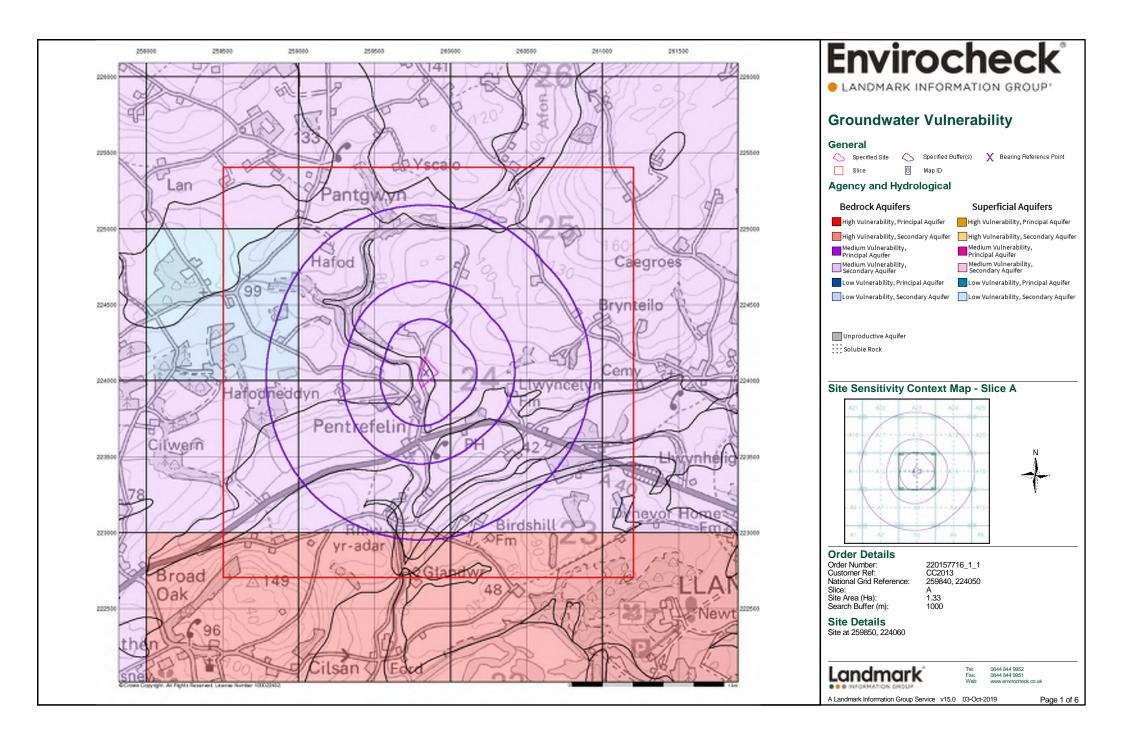


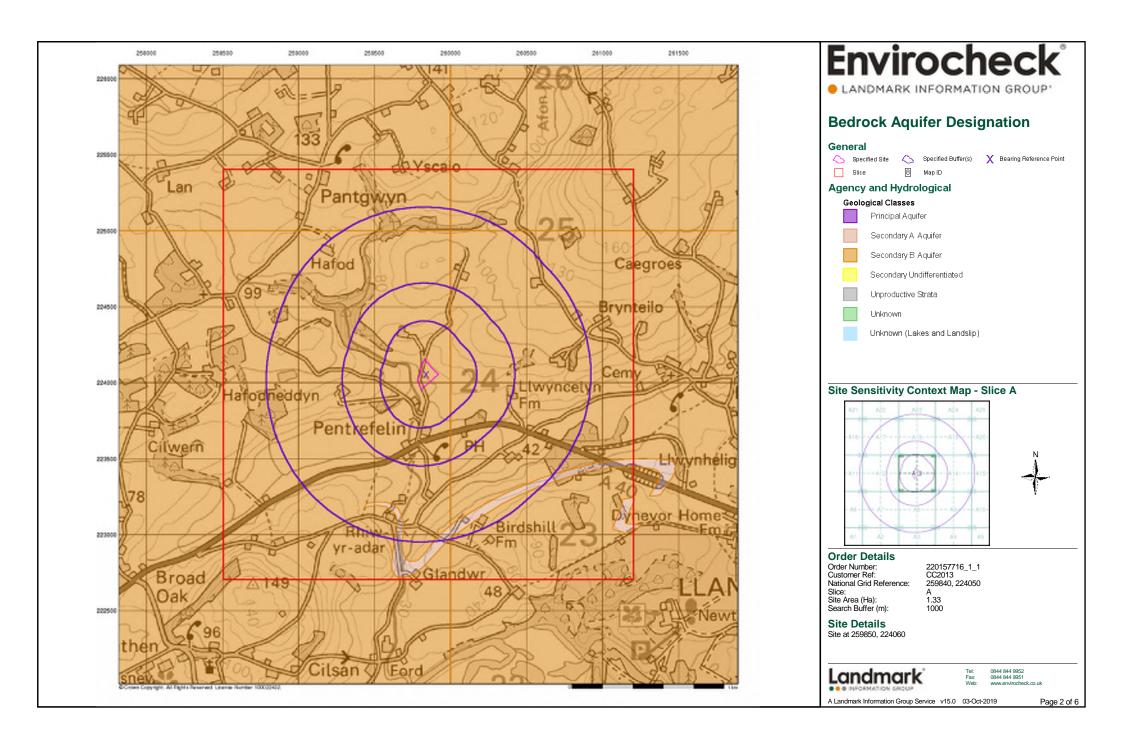
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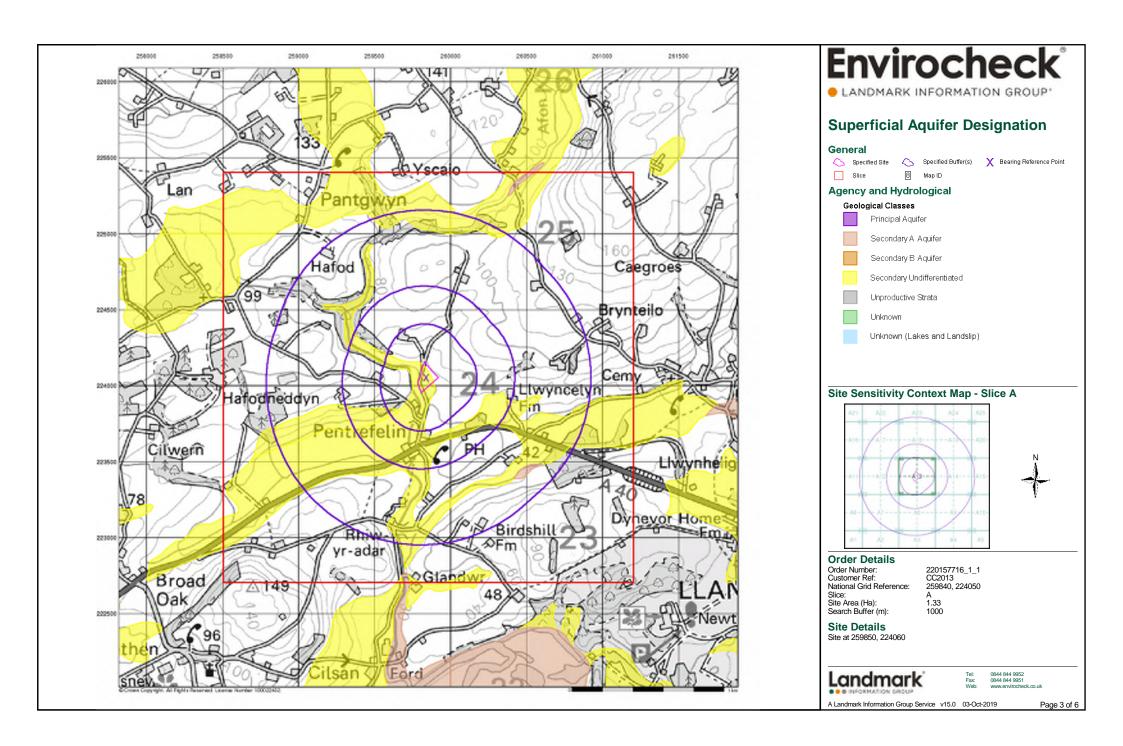
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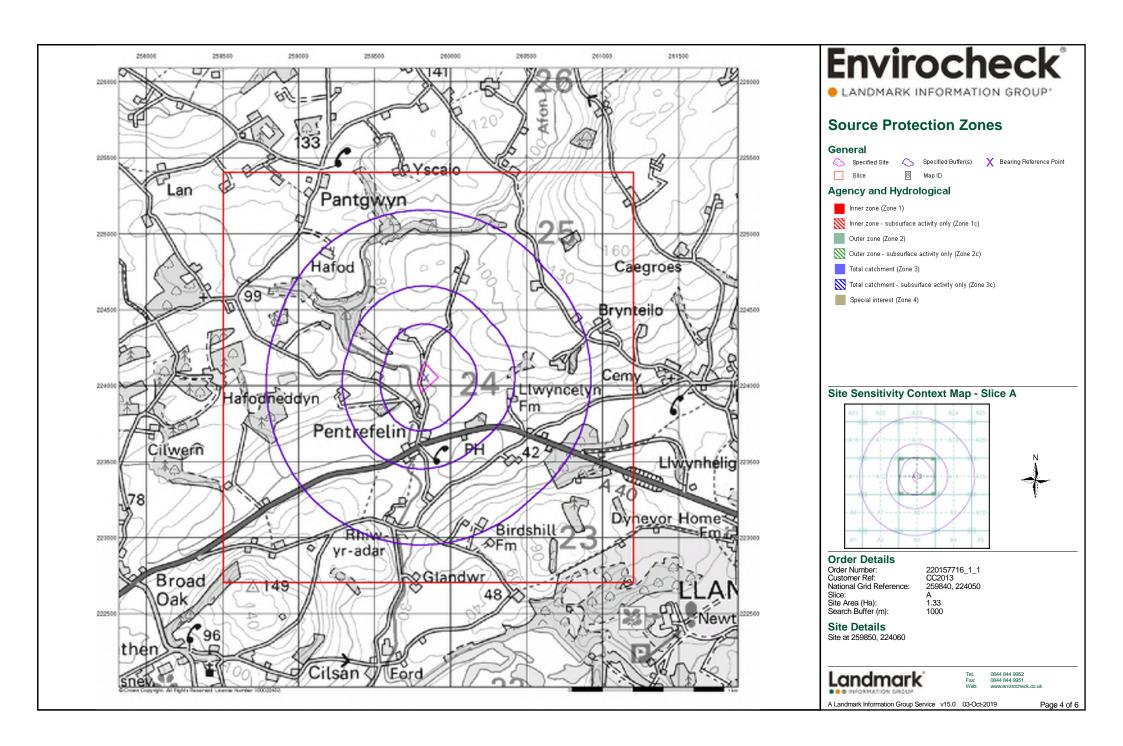


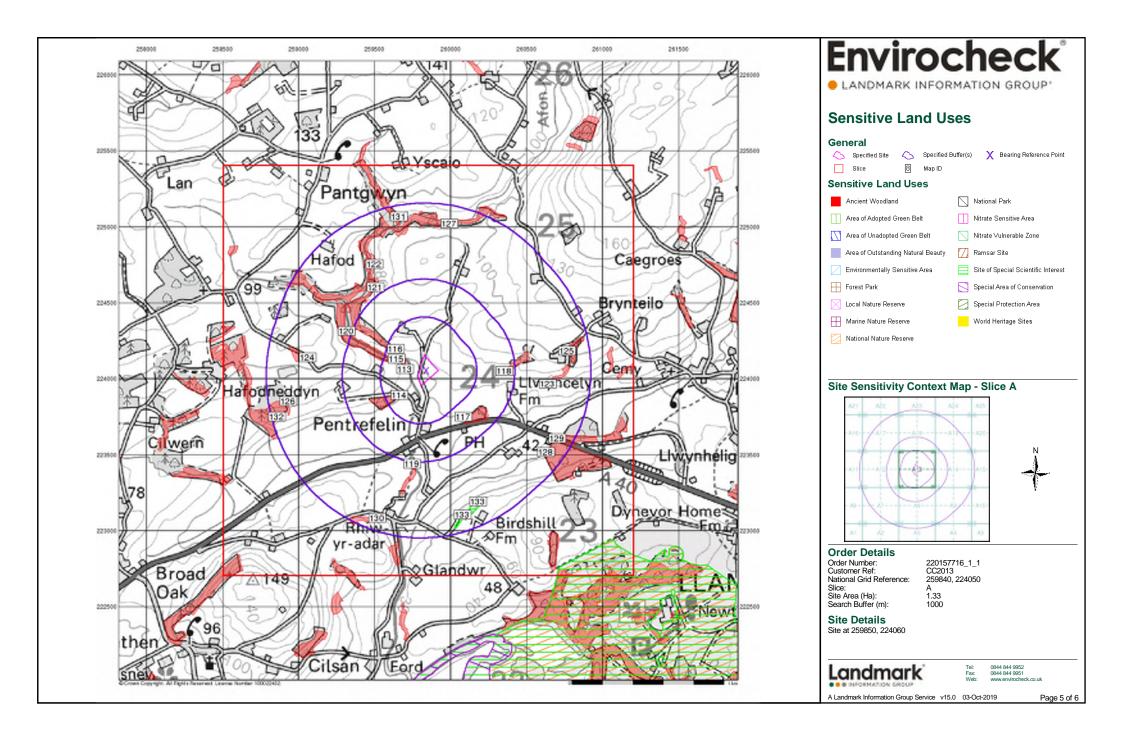


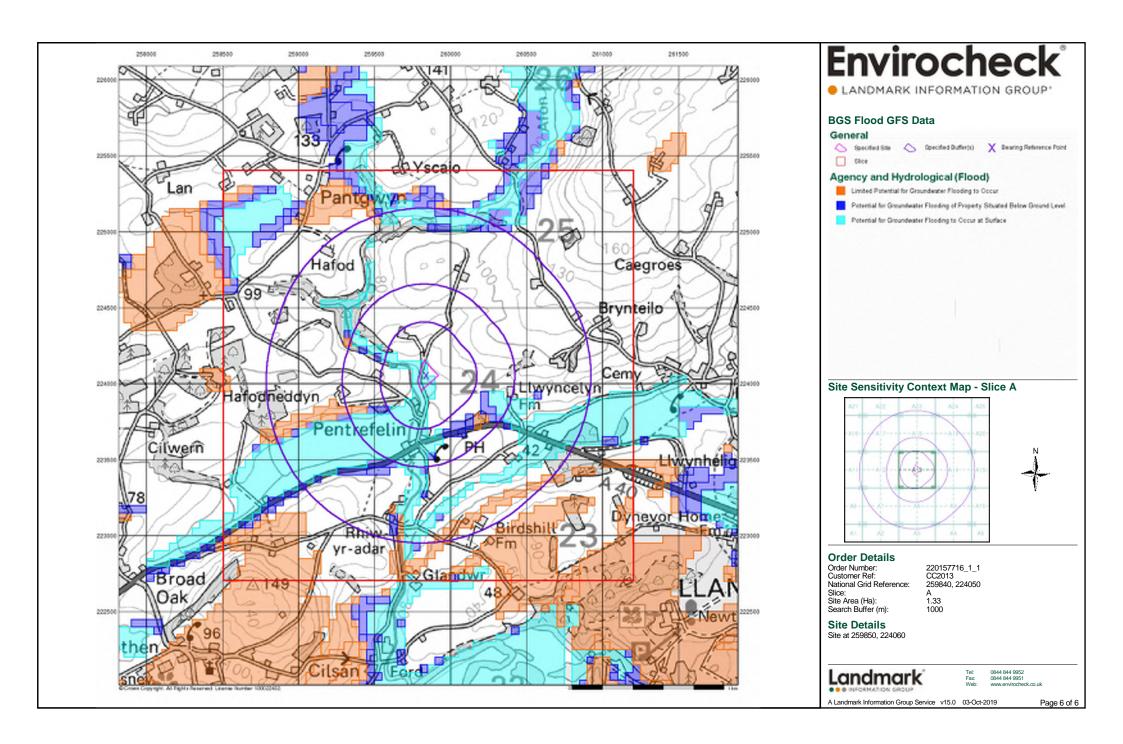


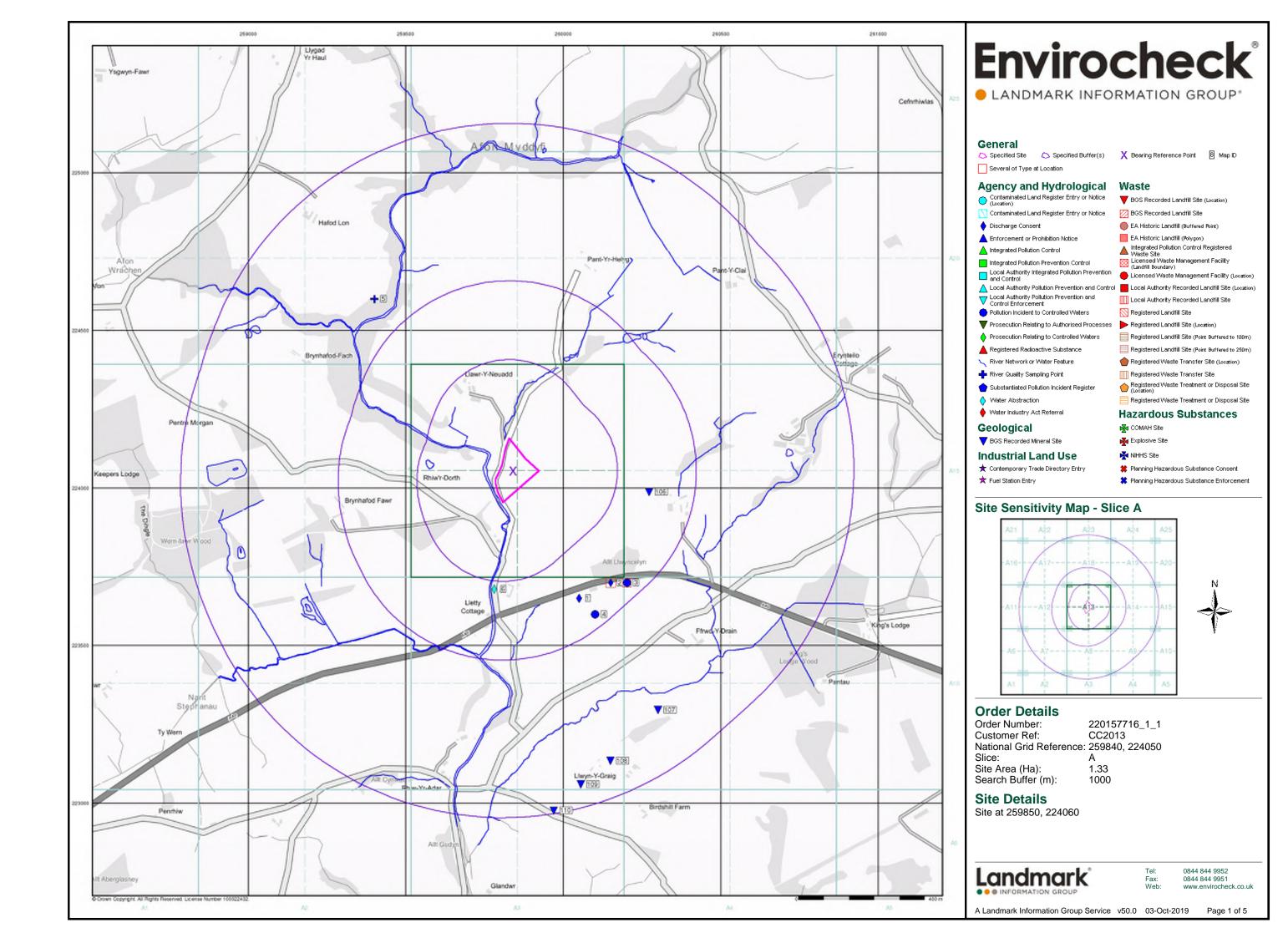


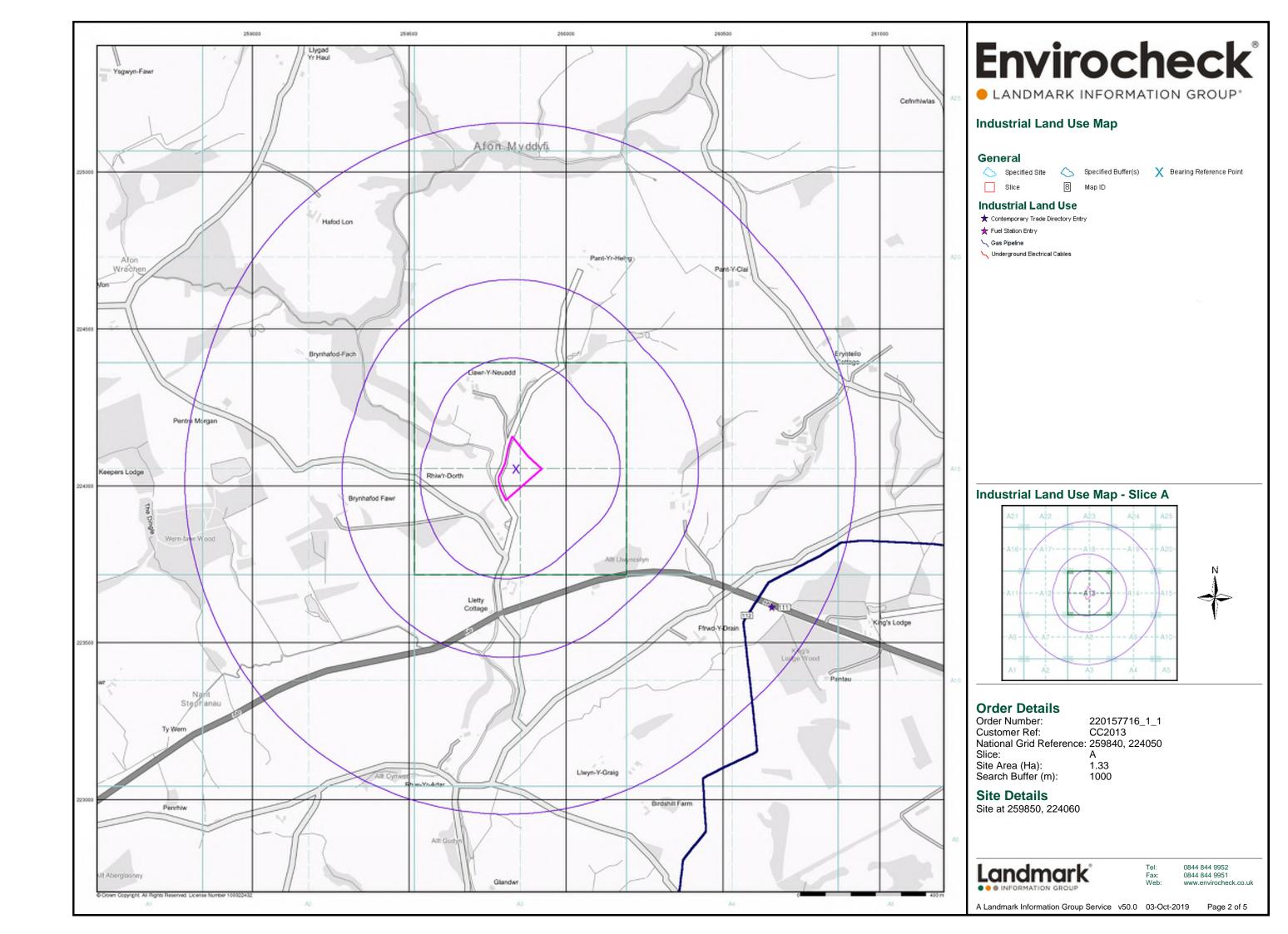


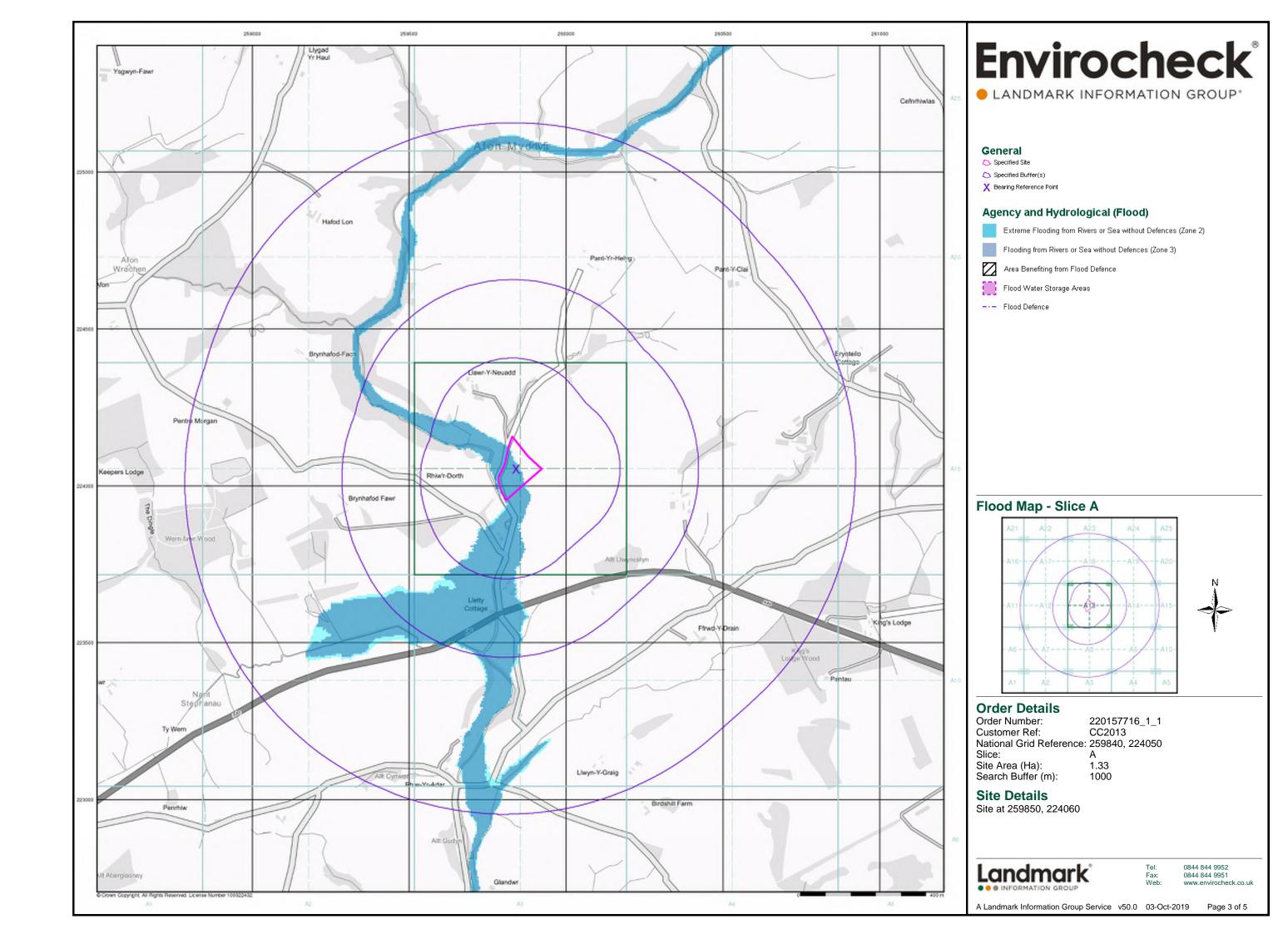


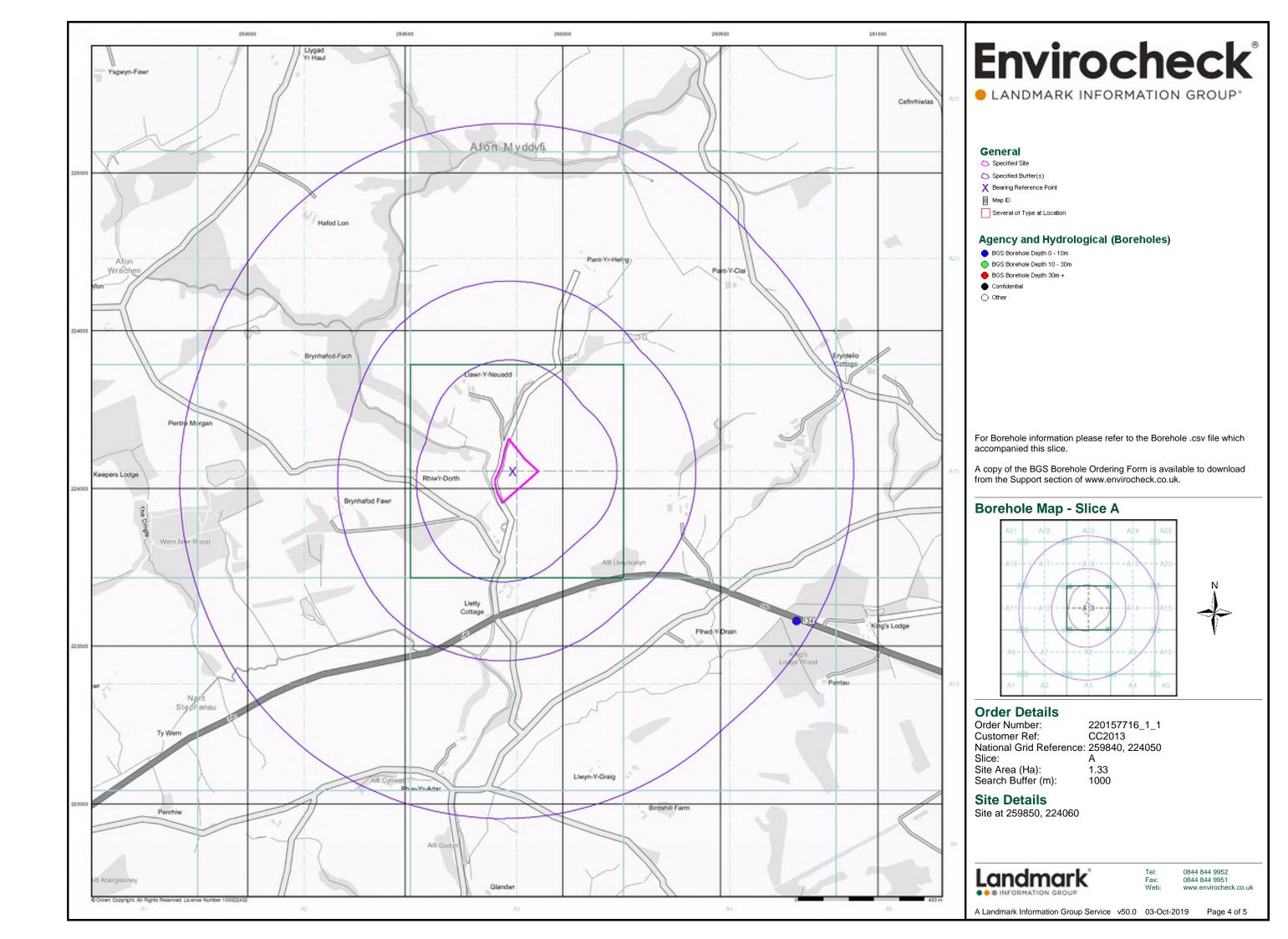


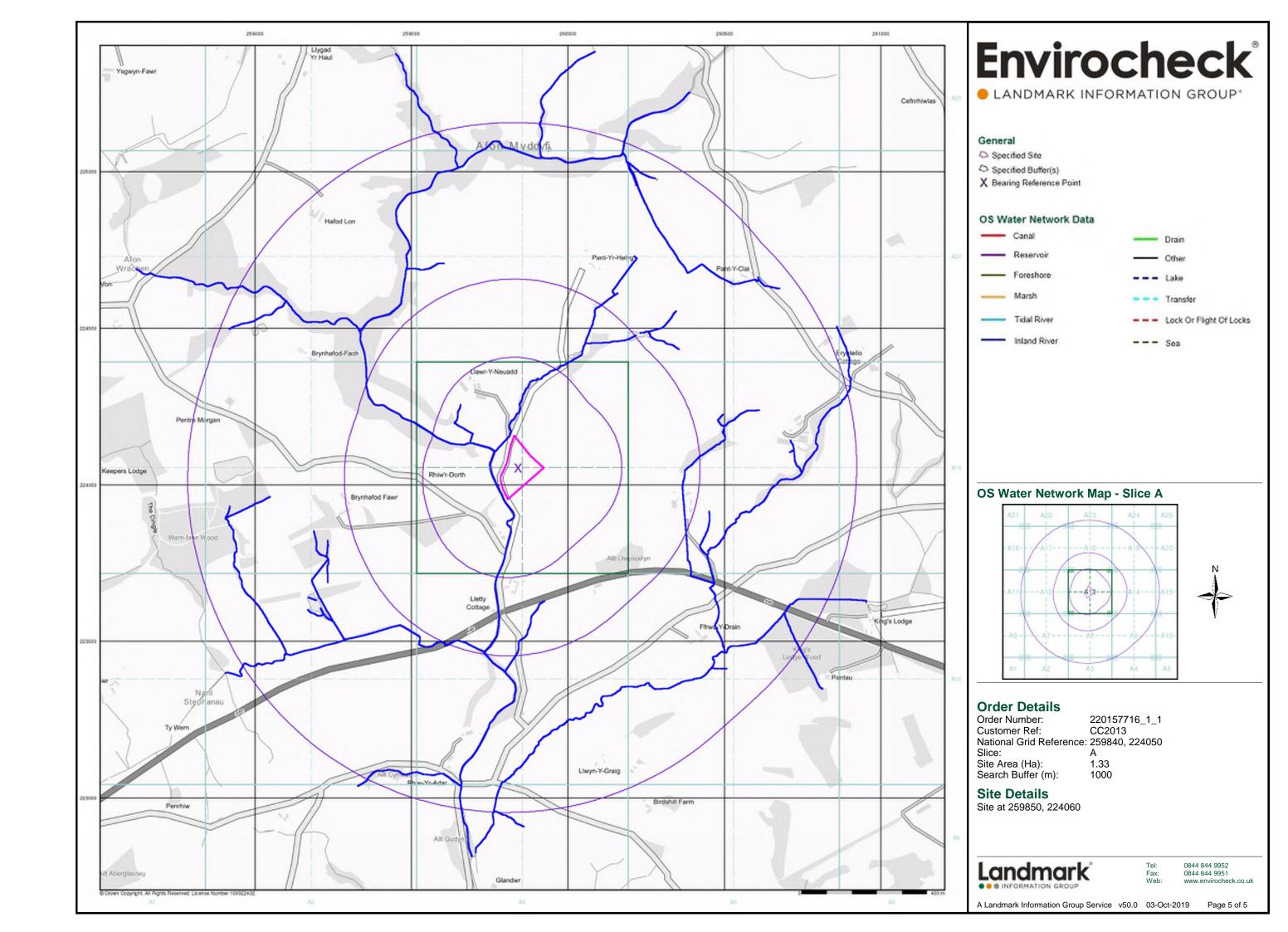






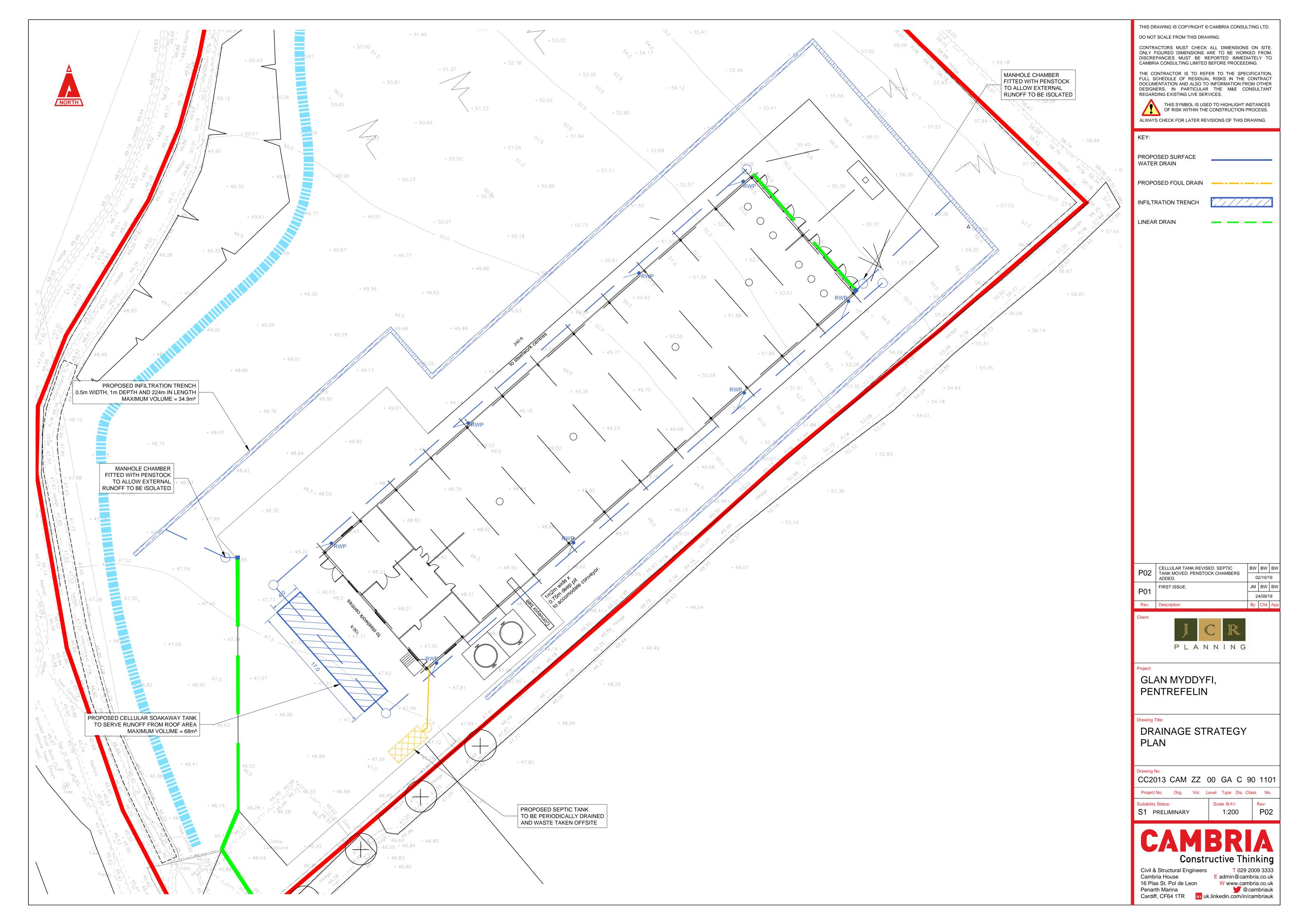








APPENDIX B – Proposed Drainage Strategy Plan





APPENDIX C – Pollution Risk Assessment

Water Pollution Risk Assessment



Project Ref: CC2013 Project Title: Glan Myddyfi, Pentrefelin

					sk trolled)		
Pollution Source	Receptor	Pathway	Hazard	Likelihood	Severity	Pollution Prevention	Residual Risk
Fuel & Chemical Spills	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Ground water infiltration, overland surface water flows	Pollution of the watercourse with hydrocarbons and chemicals. Damage to downstream river fauna and flora.	2	4	There will no fuels or chemicals stored on the site during its operation. Any refuelling of plant during the construction phase will be undertaken on hardstanding area away from any sensitive areas of the site.	Minimal residual risks.
Silt & Dust	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Overland surface water flows.	Blockages and flooding of surface water infrastructure / flooding. Mobilising suspended solids into neighbouring watercourses	3	3	Temporary lagoons/silt fences will be installed during the works. Dust suppression methods will be employed.	Minimal residual risk, assuming the silt controls are regularly inspected through the duration of the construction works.
Construction Traffic	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Overland surface water flows.	Contaminated solid being transported off site by construction traffic. Run-off entering neighbouring watercourses	3	4	A wheel wash facility will be employed near the site entrance. All washdown drainage will be controlled and removed off site.	No residual risks as long as wheel wash is operated in accordance with best practice.
Flooding	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Flood Waters	Mobilisation of contaminants from range area during flood event.	2	4	An FCA has been undertaken for the site and recommendations adhered to. The proposed surface water drainage infrastructure has been sized for a 1 in 100 year +30% design storm.	Minimal residual risks.

Water Pollution Risk Assessment



Project Ref: CC2013

Project Title: Glan Myddyfi, Pentrefelin

Washdown Activities	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Ground water infiltration Overland surface water flows.	Washdown operations could mobilise pollutants into the ground or downstream receiving watercourses.	3	4	The washdown area will be serviced by a sealed dirty water tank and wastewater taken offsite.	Minimal residual risks.
Livestock Range Area	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Ground Water infiltration. Overland flow surface water flows.	Pollution incidents within the range area.	2	4	A 1m deep surface water interception ditch will be installed at the perimeter of the range.	Minimal residual risks.
Foul Drainage	Glan Myddyfi, between 10-40m away from the site & Afon Tywi 2km south of the site.	Groundwater contamination	Sewage waste transported to the groundwater table and ultimately the neighbouring watercourse	1	5	A septic tank will be installed to service the 1 no. WC. Any waste will be taken off site.	Minimal residual risks.

Likelihood Scale; 1 – Very unlikely, 2 – Unlikely, 3 – Likely, 4- Very Likely, 5 Certain

Severity; 1 – Minor damage, 2 – Moderate Damage, 3 – Serious Damage, 4 – Severe Damage, 5 Catastrophic Damage

Constructive Thinking

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