

DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT



DEVELOPMENT:

Erection of a poultry rearing unit including silos and associated works

LOCATION:

Dolderwen Llanafan Fawr Builth Wells Powys LD2 3LN

CLIENT:

G Jones & Co

Roger Parry & Partners LLP The Estates Office, 20 Salop Road, Oswestry, Shropshire, SY11 2NU Tel: 01691655334 Fax: 01691 657798 Email: <u>richard@rogerparry.net</u>

> Also at:1 Berriew Street, Welshpool, Powys, SY21 7SQ Tel: 01938 554499 Fax: 01938 554462 email: welshpool@rogerparry.net

Also at: Hogstow Hall, Minsterley, Shrewsbury, SY5 OHZ Tel: 01743 791336 Fax: 01743 792770 email: mail@rogerparry.net

March 2018

Table of Contents

- 1. Background
- 2. Proposal
- 3. Site
- 4. Landscaping
- 5. Building Design
- 6. Vehicle Movements
- 7. Vehicle Routing
- 8. Drainage
- 9. Manure Storage & Disposal
- 10. Cleaning Out
- 11. Emissions
- 12. Noise / Odour Management
- 13. Quality Standards
- 14. Dead Bird Management & Pest Control
- 15. Policy Context
- 16. Access Statement
- 17. Community Safety
- 18. Environmental Design Statement
- 19. Physical Context of the Development
- 20. Social Context of the Development
- 21. Economic Context of the Development
- 22. Conclusion



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

1. Background

G Jones & Co is a farming business that runs sheep and beef enterprises. The farm business extends in total to 350 acres of owner occupied and rented land. Dolderwen is located within the rural settlement of Llanafan Fawr and approximately 7.3 miles from Builth Wells.

The farm business is run by 3 partners within the business trading as G Jones & Co, who run a successful sheep and beef business. The farm business is proposing to diversify into a poultry rearing unit, this enterprise has been researched fully and they are confident that the business can be a success and supplement the current marginal farm profits.

Dolderwen has been in the family for 75 years and passed down the generations as like many other farming families. However, in order for the business to carry on, the applicant needs to look at the future and make the farm as sustainable as possible and future proof it for years to come.

Currently Brian and Elwyn work on the farm full time and with the children showing an interest in the farm and animals, we need to look to their future. Claire (Elwyn's wife) currently works part time and Connie undertakes childcare duties, however there will come a time when this will not be possible and Claire will have to give up work therefore putting even more financial pressure on the farm.

Elwyn contract shears throughout the summer months but has recently taken on extra rented land. In order to keep this in good condition, he will soon need to cease shearing and help Brian with maintenance work.

G Jones & Co have looked at many ways to diversify, and they feel that the pullet rearing system will work with them as a family. With ageing parents, they will be able to work in the dry shed and not have heavy lifting work to do, and Claire will in time be able to give up work and undertake most of the duties around the school day. They want to continue with their passion for farming in order that they can hand it down to the future generations.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

Please see below Photographs of the site:



2. Proposal

The proposal is for a new poultry rearing building to provide a 38,000 bird rearing unit. The new building will be located to the south of the existing farmyard at Dolderwen on land currently used as agricultural land. The building will be approximately 91.44m x 21.34m wide, which will house 38,000 birds, together with a service area and office on the north east gable end. The birds are brought in as pullet stock and remain in the unit for some 16 weeks. After this time the flock is removed and the whole building fully cleaned down internally and the new flock introduced to restart the rearing cycle.



The building incorporates a removable raised perching area which will collect droppings on the floor of the building. After 16 weeks the flock is removed and the whole building fully cleaned internally and a new flock introduced to restart the pullet rearing cycle.

Feed for the birds is stored in two external juniper green coloured, or a similar dark colour to be agreed with the local planning authority, steel hoppers and conveyed



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

automatically to the building. The external steel hoppers will be located adjacent to the building to the north east elevation.

Adjoining the building on the north east end will be a hard stoned apron for access for delivery and removal of the birds and for cleaning out the manure.

The building has a proposed roof pitch of 12.5° and an eaves height of 3.00m. The building is of a low profile which helps to minimize its visual impact. The proposed buildings would utilise 12 ridge mounted high velocity mechanical fans which thermostatically control the building. The building roof and sides will be clad with steel box profile sheeting coloured juniper green (or a colour to approved by the LPA) set above a low concrete base wall. The side elevations of the buildings will have sheeted steel profile sides with concrete walls. The southern end will have a box profile sheeted door for vehicle access and also two passenger doors and the northern end will have a box profile sheeted door for vehicle access and also two passenger doors.

Pullet rearing



The house will mimic a free range set up, in that it has 50/50 litter and slats. Through the use of house lights, the birds are trained to roost on the slats by 8 weeks of age, significantly reducing management time on the farm.

The proposal proposes to meet the ever increasing demand for multi-tier reared pullets through continual investment into the systems. The multi-reared pullets are active, mobile and totally geared for the challenges of Aviary free-range egg production.

Internally, all of the houses are uniformal and use the following:

- Chain or pan feeders
- Feed cleaners
- Nipple drinkers



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

- Chick super starter crumb to 3 weeks
- Chick starter crumb to 6 weeks
- Super pullet grower meal to 9 weeks
- Pullet grower meal from 9 16 weeks
- Daily water monitoring equipment (digital per bird)
- Daily bodyweight monitoring (platform weighers)
- Perches (on nipple lines, between perches and A-frame)
- Chopped treated straw for litter substrate
- Bright lighting increased at end of rear if required
- Dosatron used for all water administered vaccines and vitamins
- Water sanitisation

3. <u>Site</u>

The site is situated south of the existing farm at Dolderwen, approximately 23m off the council maintained road. Please see appendix 1 for location plan.

The location of the building has been carefully considered, as near as possible to the existing farmstead. The site is located in close proximity to the existing agricultural buildings on the flattest land available in ownership of the applicant.

There are no public footpaths affecting the proposed site.

The feed hoppers would be located adjacent to the building and will be located on the north east elevation of the building.

The building will be approximately 91.44m x 21.34m wide, which will house 38,000 birds, together with a service area and office on the north east gable end. The building has a proposed roof pitch of 12.5° and an eaves height of 3.00m.

4. Landscaping

The site is located within close proximity to the existing farmstead at Dolderwen, with the benefit of land rising gradually to the south and the existing farmstead to the north west.

The area is predominately rural with agriculture being the primary industry. The proposed site for the poultry unit at Dolderwen is adjacent to the existing farmstead. The proposed building will be screened from all sides by existing woodland, mature hedgerow and natural topography hiding the building from virtually all vantage points. The location of the building has been carefully considered to give good access and be unobtrusive.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

There are no public footpaths within the immediate locality of the development site.

5. Building Design

The building is located in a screened location, within close proximity to the existing farmstead at Dolderwen, with existing mature tree belts and woodland hiding the building from virtually all vantage points. The design will be low profile and the materials of the roof and sides will be clad with steel box profile sheeting coloured juniper green (or a colour to approved by the LPA) set above a low concrete base wall.

6. Vehicle Movements

The proposed pullet rearing unit will once in use need bulk food delivered to the farm by six or eight wheeler HGVs, the usual sized vehicle for agricultural use in this rural area. The feed will be delivered 2/3 times a month and stored in the silos on site.

The main labour force to be used in conjunction with the proposed development will be the existing farm workers and partners of the business who already work at Dolderwen.

7. Vehicle Routing

The proposed poultry rearing unit would be accessed from the A483 and an unclassified road using the existing improved access directly to the site.

8. <u>Drainage</u>

Clean surface water from the roof of the building and clean surfaces will run into open and stone filled infiltration trenches and a piped system each side of the proposed building. It will be collected in an underground storage tank with a 2000 gallon capacity to be used for washing down purposes.

Any surplus clean water will be discharged into existing ditches. The aims is that the continuation flow will be controlled to not exceed the existing Greenfield run off rate.

At the wash down stage the clean water system around the yard will be switched to the underground dirty water tank.

Construction of the floor will incorporate a damp proof membrane preventing any dirty water percolating into the ground below the building. A slump in the floor will drain to a further below ground sealed tank, which will allow collection of any dirty



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

water primarily arising from the washing down process at the end of the production cycle. This dirty water will then be taken by vacuum tanker to be spread on grassland in ownership of the applicant (as per the farm manure management plan). The dirty water tank will be constructed to be compliant with the SSAFO Regulations (Wales) 2010 Standards.

The clean and foul water drainage systems will be kept separate in order to ensure no pollution incident occurs to the environment.

9. Manure Storage & Disposal

The unit will produce an estimated 2kg/bird of manure/flock i.e. 76T = 190T per annum. The manure will be removed at the end of each flock. Manure produced will be a relatively dry product of a friable nature which can be readily dumped for storage, however all of the muck will be taken off the farm. Dependent on the time of year the manure is removed from the building, it would be spread directly on the grassland in accordance with good agricultural practice for soil, water and air in accordance with the control of pollution, slurry and agricultural fuel regulations in line with the farm's manure management plan.

Please see the manure management plan for detailed information.

10. <u>Cleaning Out</u>

With reference to the cleaning, this will take place once every cycle, the manure will be removed from the site using a sheeted tractor and trailer.

12. Emissions

The building design incorporates the use of mechanical ventilator extractor fans, 12 mechanical extractor fans will thermostatically control the buildings. Therefore they tend to operate more frequently during hot weather. Efficient design of ventilation fans has minimised the number needed for this building. Fans will be maintained and inspected in accordance with the manufacturers or suppliers instructions, this will minimise mechanical noise from the unit and also dust escape. Automated feeding by internal conveyor with augers direct from the sealed external feed hoppers will minimise dust creation. The insulated construction of the walls and roof also reduce sound transmission.

Please see the ammonia screening document for detailed analysis of the Ammonia and Nitrogen Deposition from the proposal.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

13. Noise / Odour Management

The proposed poultry rearing unit at Dolderwen shall have 12 mechanical extractor fans which will be used during periods of hot weather only. It is paramount that mechanical fans are provided within the buildings as they are used to control the temperature, it is vitally important to bird welfare during periods of hot weather. The table below details the environmental sound levels dB (A) for HER710/6/1 following numerous manufacturing trails:

	Number of Fans				
Distance from Fan to Receptor - metres	1	3	10	16	20
3	61	66	70	72	74
6	57	61	65	68	70
10	51	55	59	52	64
20	45	49	53	56	58
100	31	35	39	40	43
200	21	27	31	33	35
400	18	23	27	29	31

The above data has been compiled in line with BS848 Part Two (1985) and using the Technical Specification of the Mechanical Fan which confirms the fan selected will operate at a level of 61 dB (A) at 3 metres. When all 12 fans are in operation, the cumulative sound level should be between 27 and 29 dB (A) at 400 metres from the unit.

The nearest receptor to the proposed rearing unit at Dolderwen is Derwen Deg at approximately 283 metres from the rearing unit. At this distance, the noise impact on the sensitive receptor based on 12 fans would be approximately between 27 and 33 dB (A).

In considering an operational farm unit, it is recognised that a working farm unit would have a background noise level of 42 dB (A), the development proposed therefore is not excessive and would not result in complaints or disturbance to sensitive receptors.

Mitigation:

The applicant is proposing the following mitigation as part of the proposal:

- 1) Movements of feed and birds to the site will be done so with full care and attention to all neighbours. All movements shall be restricted to daytime hours to respect neighbours thus meaning that movements shall only occur between 07:00 and 18:00.
- 2) Feed when transmitted to the feed bins is a normal occurrence on farm, however the applicant shall ensure that delivery is between 07:00 and 18:00.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

- 3) All fans will be maintained by local electricians to ensure they are working properly and reducing any unplanned excessive noise.
- 4) All electrics within the poultry unit will be maintained so that they are fully operational and at no risk of failure within the unit this is vital for Animal Welfare reasons and by law.
- 5) Whilst the birds are placed in the unit and taken, we will ensure the operation is smoothly undertaken to prevent stress to the birds and no noise to the neighbours.

The fans shall be in a treated chamber which will have an insulated roof and walls which will exhaust into an insulated baffle area thus limiting the noise emanating from the rearing unit proposed. The cumulative noise impact of the rearing unit at Dolderwen will not exceed World Health Organisation Guidelines.

The waste is removed once per cycle, therefore there will be minimal manure stored within the building which will result in reduced pest activity especially flies. Manure produced will be a relatively dry product of a friable nature which can be readily dumped for storage either on external ground or within covered storage. The potential build-up of manure is mitigated by the age and size of the pullets.

14. Quality Standards

The chickens are managed to comply with the stringent conditions that are imposed by the RSPCA Freedom Food specification, which sets out the standards of welfare at all stages of the chickens life.

The unit will produce in line with Defra 'Code of Good Agricultural Practice' for the protection of water Appendix V approximately 190 tonnes of bedding/manure per annum. This can then be spread onto agricultural land in accordance with the Control of Pollution of Slurry and Agricultural Fuel Regulations and the farms manure management plan.

15. Dead Bird Management & Pest Control

There are several reasons why the careful disposal of dead birds is an important part of the health management of systems :

- Reduces the risk of disease spread back to the flock and other species.
- Reduces the likelihood of carcases being removed by scavengers, which can transmit disease.
- Reduces the risk of blow flies (*Caliphora sp.*), which can also transmit disease.
- NFS company registered firm Pointins are utilised



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

The dead birds will be collected by an approved contractor of the National Fallen Stock Disposal Scheme prior to this they will be stored in a secure container in line with the animal by-products Regulations 2003. Pest control for rats will be carried out by an approved agency. Preventative measures will be used to control flies to include fly screens and flies controls replaced periodically to prevent the flies entering the building from the outside.

16. Policy Context

Powys Unitary Development Plan 2001 – 2016

Policy GP1 Development Control

Criteria of the above policy:

1. The design, layout, size, scale, mass and materials of the development shall complement and where possible enhance the character of the area.

2. The design, layout and lighting of the development shall minimise the potential for crime.

3. Features and designated or proposed sites of natural, historic, archaeological or built heritage interest shall not be unacceptably adversely affected and biodiversity and wildlife habitats shall be safeguarded wherever possible.

4. The amenities enjoyed by the occupants of nearby or proposed properties shall not be unacceptable affected by levels of noise, light, dust, odour, hours of operation or any other planning matter.

5. The development shall incorporate appropriate measures to protect water and soil quality and also for energy, water and waste efficiency and conservation.

6. The development shall incorporate adequate provision for drainage including the use of sustainable urban drainage systems where appropriate.

7. The development shall not be located in a high flood risk area unless in accordance with policy UDP SP14.

8. Adequate provision shall be made for highway access and parking in accordance with policy GP4.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

9. Adequate utility services shall exist or be capable of being readily and economically provided without the unacceptable adverse effect on the surrounding environment.

10. Important trees, hedgerows, open spaces and other local features that contribute significantly to the quality and character of the local environment shall be safeguarded and, where practicable, be incorporated within the development.

11. Developments shall be landscaped using appropriate indigenous species or materials, which complement and enhance the character of the locality. Planting shall be carried out in the first available planting season, or in accordance with the stated planning condition, and any plants which die or are removed within 5 years shall be replaced with similar species.

Policy EC9 Agricultural Development

1. The proposed development would not cause any unacceptable adverse effects on Powys' landscape: the visual impact of proposals shall be reduced as follows:

- Buildings shall be carefully sited and designed to minimise their impact on the landscape and, wherever possible, grouped with existing buildings.
- Buildings shall be designed and constructed of materials to take account of their surroundings. Reflective external surfaces should be avoided and roofs shall be dark coloured. Traditional building materials shall be considered in sensitive locations.
- Roadways and other engineering operations shall be integrated with the existing topography and landscape features and shall be designed to minimise any unacceptable adverse visual impact.

2. Proposals should take account of existing landscape features such as hedgerows and trees, which should be retained wherever possible. Additional landscaping measures will be required such as tree and shrub planting or earth mounding in particularly sensitive situations.

3. The proposed development shall be in accordance with all other relevant UDP policies including conservation policies in the environment chapter and in particular GP1 in the generic policies chapter.

Policy EC10 Intensive Livestock Units

Large scale proposals for intensive livestock units or extensions to existing units, including poultry housing will be permitted only where they would comply with



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

relevant criteria in UDP policy EC1. In particular, the cumulative impact of successive developments upon the locality shall be taken into account.

17. Access Statement

Explain the adopted policy or approach to inclusive design and how policies relating to inclusive design in development plans and relevant local design guidance have been taken into account

Access by Disabled Persons

Applications will be permitted for the development of new buildings, public amenities, recreational spaces and, where practicable and reasonable, the changes of use or alterations to existing buildings, where suitable access is made to and within the building or amenity and adequate facilities are provided for people with disabilities.

The Disability Discrimination Act 1995 (DDA) seeks to avoid discrimination against people with impairments and disabilities and for instance ensures that work premises do not disadvantage someone with a disability.

The access arrangements have adopted an inclusive approach and aims to ensure that all users will have equal and convenient access to the site and buildings.

Explain how any specific issues, which might affect people's access to the development have been addressed

The design of the application will have full consideration for ease of access for disabled pedestrian use. Our full application submitted incorporates the following points:-

- **1.** The car parking area will be located near to the principal entrance and is at the same level as the principal entrance.
- **2.** Access from the car parking area to the principal entrance is by way hard landscaping, which is suitable for a disabled wheel chair.
- **3.** The principal entrance is at a level threshold.
- **4.** Easy access is obtained around the circumference of the building by way of hard landscaping.
- 5. All construction work to comply (where relevant) to Part M of the Building Regulations Act 2000, and also subsequent amendments.
- 6. All doors to be of disabled criteria.
- 7. All external doors to be 930mm minimum width.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

- **8.** All sockets and light switches to be in compliance with Part M with regard to the height from floor level.
- 9. All washing facilities are located on the same level (ground level).

The car parking facilities and access ways to and from the poultry building will be flat and even and unobstructed allowing the building to be accessed by all people including disabled people or people with impairments.

Detail how features, which ensure people's access to the development, will be maintained

The car parking facilities and access ways to and from the building will be maintained in such a way as to allow all people access to the building

All of the measures detailed above will be maintained in such a way that will allow all people access to / from and around the building. Also the facilities within the building will also be constructed and maintained in such a way to ensure people's access within the development.

18. Community Safety

Site Security

Site security is critical throughout day and night to prevent the theft of equipment and livestock, which may injure or adversely affect the welfare of animals. This is critical in this case given the secluded location and its proximity to the public highway.

19. Environmental Design Statement

A design statement shall accompany all detailed applications and will describe the actions taken to design and adapt the development to fit its location. Wherever practicable, developments shall be designed to reduce energy consumption and maximise energy conservation and maximise energy conservation through the use of appropriate materials, design, layout and orientation.

The Powys UDP sets out the policy considerations for new development and changes of use in the County and has undergone both a Sustainability Appraisal and the Strategic Environmental Assessment process in its preparation.

The strategic aims supporting sustainable development in the UDP are as follows:-

- To promote energy conservation and efficiency
- To encourage appropriate energy generation from renewable energy sources



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

• To strengthen design standards and promote good design across the County.

The prominent policies within the UDP are:-

- UDP Policy E7 Solar Technologies
- UDP Policy GP3 Design and Energy Conservation
- HP14 Sustainable Housing

Normally, because this building is over 1000m² the development would need to meet BREEAM ' Very Good' standard and achieve the mandatory credits for 'Excellent' under Ene 1 – reduction of CO2 Emissions.

The proposed use is for a poultry rearing unit, the building is a very specialist agricultural building and is designed to meet the substantial welfare needs of the chickens we feel that given the nature of the use of the building this won't be applicable.

Our planning application has taken into consideration the following energy efficiency measures and technologies that can be incorporated alongside wider energy efficient design principles to ensure high energy performance.

The proposed building has been positioned and orientated (as far as possible) in order to maximise the use of natural daylight and solar energy. This is achieved where possible by orientating the building in such a way to maximise the potential for solar gain and reducing the need for energy consumption.

The building will be insulated (roof, walls and floors) according to the most recent building regulation standards in order to reduce heat loss in winter and excess solar gains in summer.

Wherever possible materials will be sourced and produced locally and will come from a source that can be renewed without harm to the environment. High quality reclaimed materials can save resources and may also provide a better match with the surrounding development. The scheme will avoid the use of tropical hardwood and look for timber which is certified as coming from sustainable sources. The materials used in this development to include the steel, box profile sheeting and fibre cement roof sheets, will come from a local source, using local steel fabricators and all from sources that can be renewed without harm to the environment.

It is intended that the building will include a high efficiency condensing boiler (more than 90% efficient) which will reduce CO² emissions and also reduce energy consumption



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

The site is serviced by private water & mains electricity.

Surface water drainage will discharge into soak-away system.

Sustainable Urban Drainage Solutions (SUDS) will also be used within the development, by incorporating permeable materials for parking and other hard surfaced areas within the curtilage of the building and soakaways would be used for surface water drainage.

The use of rainwater harvesting will be investigated as part of the accommodation within the roof space.

The development of this land will contribute to the aim of sustainability through the productive use of the above mentioned features.

The above points will ensure that the properties are 'sustainable' in terms of its building design and the supply and use of energy in accordance with the Council's recommendations.

Other complimentary measures:-

We have considered that energy efficient design principles are also key to the success of schemes including if electricity is required to be supplied to the building that energy efficient light bulbs are used.

We also aim to:-

- Design out waste from the outset
- Minimise the energy used during the construction phase of the development through careful project planning
- Use reusable and recycled materials

We have also considered waste management control during the construction phase, and as far as possible all waste will be utilised on site, including all the topsoil excavated from the building site.

20. <u>Physical Context of the Development</u>

The location of the building has been carefully considered, as near as possible to the existing farmstead at Dolderwen. The site is located in close proximity to the existing agricultural buildings with the benefit of land rising gradually to the north west, forming a natural screen and to the north is the existing farm complex.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

The proposed building would be located on the owner-occupied land approximately 94 metres south of the farmstead.

The proposed site is surrounded by agricultural land; agricultural land to the north, south and east of the site is within the control of the Applicant.

21. <u>Social Context of the Development</u>

The proposal is for a new poultry rearing building to provide a 38,000 free bird rearing unit. The new building will be located to the south of the existing agricultural buildings on land currently used as permanent pasture. The building will be approximately 91.44m x 21.34m wide, which will house 38,000 birds, together with a service area and office on the north east gable end.

24. Economic Context of the Development

The farm business is run by G Jones & Co.

The proposed diversification at Dolderwen is to ensure that there is a viable farming business operating in order to support the next generation of the family.

Farm businesses need to change and grow in response to market forces and legislation if they are to survive.

Poultry rearing is becoming an important element in the Powys Agricultural economy.

Planning Policy Wales is supportive of diversification of agricultural enterprises.

The current market dictates that agriculture must adapt to meet consumer demands, the applicant has chosen to diversify to respond to the demand for free range eggs.

25. Conclusion

- The proposal is an economic development that is supported by both local and national policy; it amounts to sustainable development that will improve the agricultural business located on site.
- The building is sited within a natural hollow of the landscape and does not affect long distance views from amenity areas therefore minimising the impact of the building on the landscape, in addition to this there is a proposed landscaping planting scheme.
- The building is intelligently and sympathetically designed and strikes a balance between practical and economic efficiency and minimal landscape impact.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net

- Adequate provision is made for the disposal of foul and surface water drainage and animal wastes without risk to watercourses through a sustainable drainage technique.
- Adequate provision is made for access and movement of machinery to avert the perpetuation, intensification or creation of traffic hazard.
- The proposal is of an appropriate location, scale and type so as not to be detrimental to the amenities of any nearby existing residential properties.
- Please be aware that this is a free range poultry unit and <u>not</u> an intensive livestock unit (battery unit).
- This proposal has significant merit, fits within the policies of the development plan and national planning guidance, and it is respectfully requested that the submitted planning application be approved.



The Estates Office 20 Salop Road, Oswestry Shropshire SY11 2NU Phone 01938 655344

richard@rogerparry.net www.rogerparry.net